

in the footsteps of at buc



# Lycée Georges Duby (France)

Liceul de Arte Vizuale Romulus Ladea (Romania)

Liceo Scientifico Statale Galilei Galileo (Italia)

Marijampoles Südovos Gimnazija (Lithuania-Lietuva)

present:





# Early 2016 four schools decided to join in an Erasmus + Project : MATBUC

Matbuc is not just the acronym for the title of the project:

# Making Art Together Brings Us Closer

It is also the name of a versatile artist that history has unfairly neglected.

Yet its influence on European art is considered by some to be of primary importance. Great European himself (or herself, by the way, because, to tell the truth, not everyone agrees on Matbuc's sex), a tireless traveler who loves meetings, he has known and worked with the greatest creators of the Continent: Ciurlionis, Brancusi, De Nittis, Cezanne, Vasarely, D. Modugno ...

And so for two years, young people from Romania, Lithuania, Italy and France came together to work together to restore the memory of one who did so much for European culture and citizenship.

# **PLACES**

During his life of creative wanderings,
Erasmus Matbucus
has stayed in many
mythical European places.
Here is an anthology.





MARSEILLE. Town of culture and migration, middle of numerous martitime routes, Marseille was the ideal place for this mediterranean museum, crossing point of African and European history., the MuCEM, designed for the year 2013 When Marseille was the cultural capital of Europe by Rudy Riciotti a local architect.

« Quand tu vois le Mucem pour la première fois, nous explique Matbuc, tu dois penser à lever les yeux et là, tu as le souffle coupé! Les arabesques de béton gris sont comme des signes dans le ciel, comme si mon ami Riciotti avait voulu « signer » le ciel, à l'instar de ce que voulait déjà faire Yves Klein – à sa manière- suivant mes suggestions de l'époque. Une totale réussite il faut dire.

D'ailleurs, les arabesques me rappellent les dessins automatiques qu'on faisait avec Breton et les surréalistes dans les années trente à Paris. Gros succès à l'époque et repris un peu partout ensuite. Qu'est-ce qu'on s'est amusés alors. Puis Breton a changé...

Le Mucem c'est des arabesques, mais c'est aussi la mer, l'eau est partout, la Méditerranée qui relie Marseille à toute l'Europe du suc à l'Afrique du nord et au Proche Orient quand même. Ce n'est pas rien. »

→ Charlotte Boulanger; Born in 2001 in Marseille; Terminal student L

"I wanted to open new horizons, Romania being a relatively unknown country, I was convinced of the benefit that it would bring me. Living in families for a while allows you to put your culture and your relationship with others in perspective." "When I met the other participants in a small tea room in downtown Cluj, it was for me the fulfillment of this cultural exchange. I felt like I was really integrated in the life of the city!"





AIX en PROVENCE. A thermal city in the south of France near Marseille. It is one of the main town in the region of Provence-

Alpes-Côte d'Azur. Aix (in Latin *Aquae Sextiae*: waters of Sextius) was founded by the Roman consul Sextius Calvinus in 123 BC, who gave his name to its spring.

Famous French artists like the painter Paul Cézanne and the naturalist writer Emile Zola are from Aix en Provence. Art is very important in Aix en Provence.

« Si Marseille est grecque, Aix, distante de 30 km est romaine.

Quand Matbuc travaillait à Aix il prenait souvent ses repas au Grand Café Leydet tout en haut du cours Mirabeau, quand il donne dans la rue d'Italie. C'était un grand café très haut de plafond qui malheureusement a disparu depuis pour laisser la place à des magasins de vêtements.

S'y retrouvaient de nombreux artistes de toutes les époques et les conversations étaient animées quoique pas toujours faciles à suivre sauf à être polyglotte, ce que Matbuc était d'ailleurs, bien sûr. Il a pu ainsi échanger avec Granet et Forbin en attendant Cézanne et ses échanges avec Ramon Gomez de la Serna ont donné le célèbre « gregueria : « Le crocodile est une chaussure qui bâille de la semelle. »

### → Zackary Giudicelli born 2002

"I am a good friend of Cecile who was in Matbuc's French club. She told me "come and see". So I came and I saw and I joined the project because I had nice time browsing for European artists. And discovering Lithuania was appealing."

"My best memory is when we worked on a lump of salt with the sculptor!"





# DIGNE: The path of Land Art

Andy Goldsworthy (born 26 July 1956) is a British sculptor, photographer and environmentalist producing site-specific sculpture and land art situated in natural and urban settings. He lives and works in Scotland. He designed the 'Refuge d'Art' in Provence, a trail with milestones of pure Land Art.

« Refuge d'Art est une seule œuvre d'art à « parcourir » si possible avec Matbuc ( il en raffole) en une dizaine de jours de marche.

Le parcours conçu par l'artiste britannique Andy Goldsworthy en partenariat avec le <u>Musée Gassendi</u> et la <u>Réserve Géologique de Haute-Provence</u>, est unique en Europe, évidemment.

Il traverse sur 150 km les paysages exceptionnels de la Réserve.

Tu marches, tu soufres, tu souffles, tu vis. Tu bois, tu campes, tu manges, tu montes la tente et tu dors, dans les refuges aussi tu dors. Tu es en vie. Et, là tu tombes sur l'Art, l'Art le truc qui sert à rien, et tu atteins la plénitude. Comme ils disent dans les prospectus : « la randonnée et la valorisation du patrimoine naturel et culturel. Ouaou »

→ Marius Eraszmus (yes, true!) Born 2000 "you know, with such a name I am necessarily European. So when I was offered to join the pebjet MATBUC to make Art and feel more European, I ran in.

In Romania in Cluj I was struck by the city that did not look like I imagined Romania but something mittel-European, like an Austro-Hungarian city with wide streets and big official buildings which looks like Vienna's huge cream cakes. It must be said that Cluj is in Transylvania, it's a bit special. And then the people I met were so nice. "





# VASARELY FOUNDATION. Op Art (Operative, Optical, Optimal, Optimistic?)

Victor Vasarely born Hungarian 1906- 1997), was a <u>Hungarian-French</u> artist, who is widely accepted as a "grandfather" and leader<sup>(</sup> of the op art movement.

His work entitled Zebra, created in the 1930s, is considered by some to be one of the earliest examples of Op Art.

Lors de son voyage de Mariampole en Lituanie jusqu'à Aix en Provence en passant par Cluj en Roumanie puis Bitonto dans les Pouilles, Matbuc a fait étape en 1927 à Budapest où la durée de son séjour est incertaine mais a dû être assez longue d'après ce que l'on en sait. Et dans la capitale hongroise il a pu échanger avec Victor Vasarely car les carnets de dessins de Matbuc de l'époque, perdus depuis, montrent des travaux très proches de l'Op Art quoique évidemment assez antérieurs à la prospérité de ce dernier ce qui atteste d'une influence indéniable. Pour quelles raisons Matbuc n'a-t-il pas persévéré dans cette voie ? Mystère... Il semble bien qu'il était avant tout un défricheur intuitif plus qu'un théoricien méthodique.

Quoiqu'il en soit à la sortie d'Aix à la Fondation Vasarely, tu peux voir de superbes réalisations du maître de l'Op. Le cadre est agréable et l'accueil charmant.

#### $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ Leana Vercoutter born 2001

"I wanted to discover countries that I would not necessarily have thought to visit without this project and discover new cultures as well as new people with whom to share the European spirit."

My best memory: "In the evening when we were all together in the city."





## LA SAINTE VICTOIRE : Cézanne's Mountain,1011m high.

You see it from a distance. It dominates the entire Aix region. A huge milestone.

The north face is gently sloping; the south face is very steep.

When walking around you may as well find fossil dinosaurs eggs.

Matbuc ne pouvait la voir sans penser immédiatement à Cézanne avec qui il avait tant parcouru les sentiers de Bibemus et des Lauves. Chemin faisant la discussion s'engageait sur le terrain géométrique: "il faut penser les forms entermes de cylindres, de cones, de spheres "Il est vrai que Matbuc avait reçu une solide formation scientifique.

Ou sur le terrain géologique: « J'ai besoin de connaître la géologie, comment Sainte-Victoire s'enracine, la couleur géologique des terres, tout cela m'émeut, me rend meilleur ».

La peinture moderne s'inventait alors .

Picasso y est enterré, aussi.

#### → Cecile Levi born 2002:

"What's great about this project is that we meet a lot of people from different cultures who are actually like us. That's what makes you European. At Rita's in Marijampole I

as at home. We realized that we liked the same music, the same movies."





MARIJAMPOLE: Industrial city and the capital of the Marijampolė County in the south of Lithuania, bordering Poland and Russian Kaliningrad Oblast, and Lake Vištytis. The Lithuanian center of the Suvalkija region.

2018-ieji Marijampolės savivaldybei yra ypatingi – esame Lietuvos kultūros sostinė, kartu švenčiame Lietuvos valstybės atkūrimo 100-metį. Tai nėra atsitiktinumas, tai nulemta didžios ir garbingos Sūduvos krašto istorijos. Marijampolės - Lietuvos kultūros sostinės simboliu pasirinktas Varpo įvaizdis. Kodėl varpas? Kokia varpo reikšmė? Varpo sampratą visais laikais formavo istorinio meto pasaulėžiūra, tačiau varpai buvo ir yra svarbus dvasinės kultūros dėmuo. Varpai – viena svarbiausių kultūrinių ir dvasinių vertybių, be jų kažin ar įmanoma įsivaizduoti svarbiausius gyvenimo ritualus. "Varpo garsas perskiria debesius",— savo tėviškėje išgirstą senolių posakį yra užrašęs Jonas Basanavičius, Matbukas gerai žinojo. Varpų skambėjimas ar tyla turi savo prasmę. "Vox ego sum vitae; voco vos" ("Mano balsas yra gyvenimas; kviečiu jus"), — apie varpo skambėjimą sakoma senoviniame posakyje. Varpo skambesy — gyvenimas… O gyvenimas — tai ateitis, tai pažanga, tai tradicijų ir šiuolaikiškumo, tai dvasios ir materialiosios būties dermė.

#### → Danielė Vaškelytė Born dec 2000

as I said, I seek adventure and I would call this project an adventure. This is one of the reasons why I want to participate in it. The other one is to acquire some new skills. The last reason is travelling and getting to know new cultures.

When we were staying in Romania, one evening our Romanian friends took us to a treehouse. This treehouse was quite outlying, therefore, it could not be found by everyone but the view from there was magnificent. I could see the whole city. While we were in this treehouse, I was chating with one Romanian guy about his life and I can say that he lives a really colourful one. Overall, this moment has stuck in my mind.





**Trakai**, an Island Castle and National Park, is a 14th-century fortress in the middle of Lake Galvė. Once a home to Lithuania's grand dukes, it now houses the Trakai History Museum, with archaeological objects, coins and crafts. On the lake's southern shore are the stone ruins of the Trakai Peninsula Castle.

Trakų salos pilis – gotikinė pilis Trakų mieste, Galvės ežero Pilies saloje, į kurią nutiestas pėsčiųjų tiltas. Pastatyta kunigaikščių Kęstučio ir Vytauto iniciatyva XIV a. II pusėje – XV a. 1-ajame dešimtmetyje. XV a. ši pilis (kaip ir Trakų pusiasalio pilis) buvo viena iš LDK valdovų rezidencijų. Dabar pilis atstatyta ir yra vienas populiariausių Lietuvoje turistų lankomų objektų; pilyje vyksta įvairios šventės, veikia archeologinė ir istorinė ekspozicijos, medžioklės muziejus. Trakų pilis – vienintelė Rytų Europoje pilis, pastatyta saloje. Žmonės kalba, kad Trakai atsirado dėl moters užgaidos. Senuosiuose Trakuose gyventi kunigaikščio Kęstučio žmonai Birutei nepatiko, nes šalia buvo per mažai vandens, kaip jai buvo įprasta gimtojoje Palangoje. Todėl Kęstutis, norėdamas įtikti žmonai, apie XIV a. vidurį pradėjo statyti naują pilį ežerų apsuptame pusiasalyje.

#### → Mantas Kresninkevičius 2000-09-11

"There are so many lessons I learnt durning this project. These lessons have helped me become the person I am today. The most important one is that we get treated in life the same way we treat others. I would really like to be a part of this project in order to gain some experience, further develop myself as an artist and to utilize my interest and art skills. The most memorable moment from the project would probably be the last day of project in Lithuania, saying goodbye to people I've got very close with in a very short time. I was so sad and happy at the same time, I didn't want them to leave, I wanted to spend at least a few more days together with these wonderful people."





VILNIUS: the capital of Lithuania and its largest city. Vilnius is in the southeast part of Lithuania and is the second largest city in the Baltic states. Vilnius was part of Poland between 1920 and 1939. It is known for the architecture in its Old Town, declared a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1994.

Užupis išskirtinis, pats bohemiškiausias ir neįprasčiausias Vilniaus mikrorajonas. Patys Užupio gyventojai drąsiai teigia, kad tai – valstybė valstybėje. Tai mažutis atskiras miesto kampelis, kuriame daug dažniau sklando romantikos dvasia, kur klesti tolerancija, kur niekada netrūksta kūrybinės energijos, kur įkvėpimas liejasi per kraštus, kuriamas tikras nesuvaidintas menas ir laužomi visi, kad ir menkiausi, stereotipai.

O ar žinote, kas kaip muses prie medaus atvilioja turistus iš viso pasaulio į Užupį? Jo undinėlė, dar vadinama Užupio mergele, šios respublikos simbolis. Sunku atsispirti jos kerams, o tie, kuriems nepavyksta, taip ir lieka Užupyje. Amžinai kuria, kaupia, dalina idėjas, džiaugiasi gyvenimu ir jo spalvomis.

Užupio ženklas – atviras delnas – simbolizuoja, kad šis kraštas yra tolerantiškas ir atviras visam pasauliui. Čia priimtina ir galima viskas, kas kitur yra neįmanoma. Atrodo, ir nieko blogo čia atsitikti negali – centrinėje respublikos aikštėje stovi Užupio angelas ir akylai stebi, sergi šį kraštą. Dėl jo čia žmonės dabar gyvena labai taikiai.

### → Kornelija Skarolskytė born dec. 2000

"With the project I want to broaden my outlook and to interact face to face with people that I don't know. To push myself out of comfort zone and to learn how to have fun even when feeling uncomfortable. I learnt to let go when nothing goes according to my plan.

When we were visiting some kind of forest in Romania, I thought it was the most beautiful forest I had ever seen at that time."









KAUNAS: the second-largest city in Lithuania and the historical centre of Lithuanian economic, academic, and cultural life. During that period Kaunas has been nicknamed the Little Paris because of rich cultural and academic life, fashion, construction of countless Art Deco, Lithuanian National Romanticism architectural style buildings as well as popular furniture, interior design of the time and widespread café culture. The city interwar architecture is regarded as one of the finest examples of the European Art Deco and received the European Heritage Label, it also resulted in naming Kaunas the first city in Central and Eastern Europe as a UNESCO City of Design.

M. K. Čiurlionio nacionalinis dailės muziejus yra muziejų grupė, įsikūrusi Kaune, Lietuvoje. Pagrindinė jo paskirtis eksponuoti ir viešinti dailininko ir muzikanto M.K. Čiurlionio (1875-1911) darbus. Muziejaus ekspozicijos kolekcijas sudaro M.K. Čiurlionio paveldas, Lietuvos liaudies menas, XVII-XX a. Lietuvos tautodailė ir taikomoji dailė, senovės pasaulio menas, užsienio tautodailė ir taikomoji dailė, numizmatika, Lietuvos liaudies meno ir meno kūrinių archyvai. Čiurlionio, puikus draugas Matbukas, kūryba moko pažinti save, analizuoti simbolius ir taikyti juos savo kūryboje. Ji įkvepia piešti ne tai ką matome, o tai ką jaučiame ar net galime girdėti...

### → Paulina Čingaitė born march 2000

"I learnt that sometimes you don't need to speak to understand other people even if there is language barrier. For skills I learnt how to take interviews from others, how to make statue from salt, dance with people from other countries and explain dance moves for them when the teacher couldn't. As well as that I learnt that even if we are from different countries all of us have similarities because all participants were people down to earth. The most memorable moment for me was the perfomance with others at the end of the event. As well as that dancing with other our traditional dances was really fun because even though they didn't know any of those moves they still had fun with us dancing and learning it."





**Druskininkai** is a spa town on the Nemunas River in southern Lithuania, close to the borders of Belarus and Poland. The city of Druskininkai dates back as a spa resort to the 19th century. The town is located at the Ratnyčia River estuary to the Nemunas River and is surrounded by a natural forest reserve. The town is situated in a picturesque landscape with rivers, lakes, hills and forests.

Sūri pamoka ... Kodėl sūri? O gi todėl, kad šio kurorto pavadinimas sūrus, todėl, kad tik šiame mieste yra Druskonio ežerėlis, todėl, kad pirmasis liaudies gydytojas čia buvo Sūrutis , puikus draugas Matbucas, o žmonės, kurie vertėsi "sūria veikla" buvo vadinami tiesiog druskini nkais!

Toliau nuo Druskininkų centro, ant Ratnyčėlės upės kranto, menininkai Aušra ir Tauras kuria originalius ir stebinančius meno kūrinius. Jie kuria savo kūrinius iš nuostabios medžiagos, kuri yra labai arti Druskininkų - druskos. Jie kviečia ne tik stebėti jų darbą, bet ir patiems patirti kūrybos džiaugsmą ir kurti savo sūrius meno kūrinius.

#### → Adriana Giliūtė born Jan 2000

"Well, like I said, I really like travelling, so it would be an amazing experience to learn some new things about new culture, also I would like to improve my English. By the way, I really love talking to people, I'm a sociable person, so it would be really exciting to meet new amazing people and make good memories. But, of course, I'm also ready to learn, not just have fun, because the chance like this is an amazing opportunity to broaden the horizons and I want to challenge myself to see if I could do a project like this.

This project taught me that art goes beyond language and nationality barrier. I also have learnt that art is something that can connect many people and keep them closer. The project has gave me the opportunity to know the other cultures and compare the differences between them. Moreover, through this project I have discovered many new sides of myself which I thought had never existed."





**Cluj-Napoca** as capital of historical region Transylvania, is one of the most visited cities in Romania. In German: Klausenburg; Hungarian: Kolozsvár, Medieval Latin: Castrum Clus, Claudiopolis; and Yiddish: , Kloiznburg. The city is very pleasant, and it is certainly a great experience for those who want to see urban Transylvanian life at its best. Higher education has a long tradition in Cluj-Napoca. The Babeş-Bolyai University is the largest in the country, with approximately 50,000 students. Town of physician Victor Babes and mathematician János Bolyai.

Vizitând orașul nostru, Matbuc a fost impresionat de ospitalitatea locuitorilor săi, de arhitectura sa. Numele de **Cluj** provine, cel mai probabil, din latinescul *Castrum Clus*, folosit pentru întâia oară în secolul al XII-lea pentru a desemna cetatea orașului medieval din acest loc. Prima atestare documentară a unei așezări pe teritoriul de astăzi al Clujului a fost făcută de geograful grec Claudius Ptolemeu, care a menționat aici una dintre cele mai însemnate localități din Dacia, cu numele *Napuca*.

Numărul mare al universităților și diversitatea studenților a transformat Clujul într-un oraș multicultural și multietnic și, în același timp, a dus și la apariția a numeroase biblioteci. La Cluj-Napoca învață aproximativ 60.000 de studenți, masteranzi și doctoranzi în cele 11 universități care funcționează aici, dintre care șase sunt de stat. Cea mai mare universitate este Babeș-Bolyai, însă universitatea cea mai cosmopolită datorită diversității provenienței studenților este cea de medicină și farmacie. Universitatea Babeș-Bolyai (UBB) este cea mai mare universitate din țară, cu peste 30.000 de studenți în 248 de specializări (din care 150 în română, 72 în maghiară, 9 în germană, 15 în engleză și 2 în franceză).

#### → Karina Nichifor, born in 2001

"I wanted to join this project because I am interested in learning about new cultures and different lifestyles, practicing my english skills and I love traveling and making new friends.

The place that impressed me the most was the National Art Museum of Ciurlionis because half of the building was dedicated to the artworks of Ciurlionis and the other half was full of diversity. All visited cities have something very special, very beautiful. "



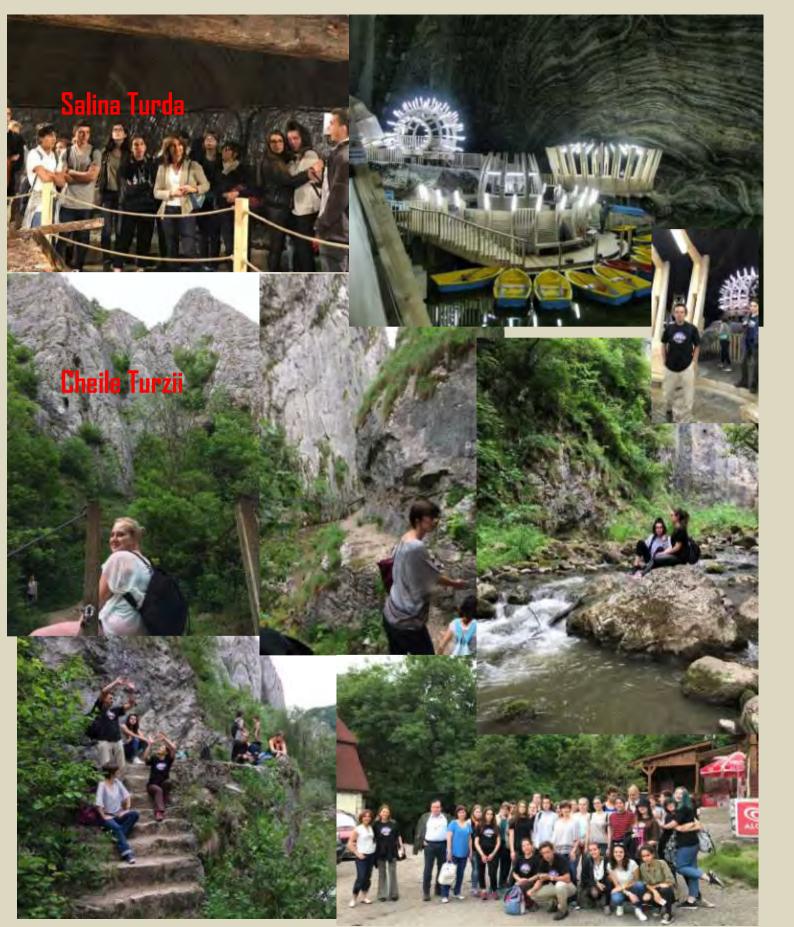


**ALBA-CAROLINA** The city of Alba Iulia, Alba County is one of the most important urban centers of Romania, a place of monumental historical significance, associated to the Great Union of 1918 and the coronation of the kings Ferdinand I and Mary, the first monarchs of Greater Romania. Its ancient medieval center, the Alba Carolina fortress, encloses between its walls several centuries old attractions laden with history, including <u>Saint Michael's Cathedral</u>. There aren't many cities in Romania that go back all the way to the Roman Empire, but even among the handful that do, the city of Alba Iulia – or Apulum, as the Romans called it – manages to stand out in more than one way. And one of the attractions that can indeed be traced back to more than 2000 years ago are the Roman ruins.

In drumul său prin România, Matbuc a vizitat Cetatea Alba-Carolina, cea mai întinsă cetate din țara noastră. De-a lungul timpului, pe această suprafață au fost construite trei cetăți\$ prima datează de pe vremea imperiului Roman-Castrul Roman al Legiunii a XIII-a Gemina (106 e.n.), a doua a fost Cetatea medievală Bălgrad ( secolele XVI-XVII) și ultima este fortăreața Imperiului Hasburgic construită pentru a se apăra împotriva Imperiului Otoman, la începutul secolului XVIII. Ansamblul - compus din trei sisteme de apărare - prezintă caracteristici specifice primului și celui de al doilea sistem Vauban. Corpul principal al cetății este de forma unui heptagon neregulat, cel șapte bastioane conferindu-i o imagine stelată tipică sistemelor de acest gen.

#### → Ştefania lakab, born in 2001

"I study at the Visual Art High-School "Romulus Ladea" from Cluj-Napoca and I wanted to participate at this project to have beautiful experiences, to meet nice people like you are and to share ideas, thoughts, food and many other things with you. I was mostly impressed by their traditional dance because it was very fun and full of joy. I like their hospitality and their food and I wish to come back..."





**TURDA SALT MINE, TURDA GORGE** are two touristic objectives located in Turda, near Cluj. Salina Turda is an ancient renovated salt mine. Today there is a veritable history museum of salt mining. The first document who speaks explicitly the existence at Turda salt mines is dated May 1, 1271, was issued by the Hungarian chancellery. Turda Gorge is a natural reserve. The canyon, formed through the erosion of the Jurassic limestone of the mountain, is 2 900 m long and the walls have heights reaching 300 m. The total surface of the canyon is of 324 ha. Cheile Turzii contain one of the richest and most scenic karst landscapes in Romania. More than 1000 plant and animal species.

Pâna la finalizarea proiectului de modernizare a salinei, accesul turiștilor în salină se făcea, prin galeria de transport Franz Josef. A fost săpată între anii 1853-1871; este o galerie orizontală, cu profil util de 6,16 mp, realizată pentru a ușura și ieftini transportul sării la suprafață. La terminarea ei avea 780 m, dar până la sfârșitul sec. al XIX- lea a fost prelungită cu încă 137m. Pe peretele stâng al galeriei sunt amplasați picheți cu o echidistanță de 10 stânjeni. Pe măsură ce turistul înaintează, lumea subterană îsi dezvăluie minunile.

<u>Cheile</u> Turzii oferă un peisaj carstic de o rară sălbăticie: stânci înalte și abrupte, creste ascuțite, turnuri de piatră, vâlcele pietroase, grohotișuri, arcade etc. Conține peste 1.000 de specii de plante, animale, fluturi unele reprezentând elemente rare ca usturoiul sălbatic, acvila de stâncă, șogârțul de baltă, tisa, scorușul, garofița albă, fluturașul de stâncă.

#### → Ardoş Alexandru, born in 2002

"I'm from Romania Cluj-Napoca, and I,m studying at Liceul De Arte Vizuale "Romulus Ladea". I was and i am verry motivated in learning new things and gain more informations and skils, that's why I joined this project. I really wanted to come to Lithuania beacuse of it's history and beacuse I wanted to visit it and I never been in this country before. The thing that I enjoyed the most was traveling and visiting objectives, cities, museums and interacting whit new people, and I can say that everything impresionated me, especially the Trakai town and Castle. I hope that I will see Lithuania again and other countries with the Erasmus projects."





**Corvin Castle**, also known as Hunyadi Castle or Hunedoara Castle (Romanian: Castelul Huniazilor or Castelul Corvinilor; Hungarian: Vajdahunyadi vár), is a Gothic-Renaissance castle in Hunedoara, Romania. It is one of the largest castles in Europe and figures in a list of the seven wonders of Romania.

Matbuc află și legenda corbului de pe blazon: blazonul familiei Corvinilor este inscrptionat un corb care tine în cioc un inel de aur. Atribuirea acestui simbol al familiei are o legenda. Se spune că Ioan de Hunedoara era fiu nelegitim al lui Sigismund de Luxemburg, rege al Ungariei, cu o frumoasa femeie din Tara Hategului, pe nume Elisabeta. Pentru a o feri de necinste, regele îi da de sot pe unul din vitejii sai, Voicu, daruindu-i totodată si un inel ca si dar pentru copilul nenascut, cu scopul de a fi recunoscut atunci când va creste si va merge la curtea regala.

In timpul unei calatorii facuta de familia lui Voicu, poposind pentru a pranzi, inelul este uitat pe o margine a stergarului pe care erau puse merindele. Un corb, atras de stralucirea inelului îl fura încercând sa plece cu el. Copilul Ioan de Hunedoara ia un arc si sagetează corbul, recuperand astfel inelul. Atunci cand creste si ajunge la curtea regala, povesteste această patanie, iar regele, impresionat de aceasta istorie, decide ca simbolul familiei hunedorenilor să fie corbul cu inel de aur în cioc.

De altfel, si numele familiei provine din latinescul "Corvus", care inseamna "Corb", o pasare care simboliza cu totul altceva în evul mediu, si anume întelepciunea si longevitatea.

#### → Ştefania Bota, born in 2002

"I wanted to participate at this project to have new experiences, to meet beautiful people, practicing my English skills, to learn about their culture and to see their lifestyle and they have fun.

Meeting new people is the most interesting thing for me. Communication and socialisation is a enough hard but pleasant in the same time because you can find peoples which have the same concerns or...not. All those experiences can change you, in a positive way."





The Sculptural Ensemble of Constantin Brâncuşi at Târgu Jiu is an homage to the Romanian heroes of the First World War. The ensemble comprises three sculptures: The Table of Silence, The Gate of the Kiss and the Endless Column, on an axis 1,300 m (4,250 ft) long, oriented west to east. The ensemble is considered to be one of the great works of 20th-century outdoor sculpture. The Endless Column symbolizes the concept of infinity and the infinite sacrifice of the Romanian soldiers. It is considered by Sydnei Geist the top point of the modern art.

Ansamblul monumental din Târgu-Jiu cuprinde monumentele realizate de marele nostru sculptor Constantin Brâncuşi, părintele sculpturii moderne, în perioada 1937-1938 și anume: Masa Tăcerii, Poarta Sărutului, Aleea Scaunelor și Coloana fără Sfârșit, cărora li se adaugă și altele mai mici (scaunele de pe alee și băncile de la Poartă).

Operele brâncuşiene sunt dispuse pe un ax — Calea Eroilor — ce străbate prin oraș, în linie dreaptă pe o distanță de 1.500 m și conduce vizitatorul de la Colana fără Sfârșit, Biserica Sfinții Apostoli Petru și Pavel, Poarta Sărutului, pe Aleea Scaunelor către râul Jiu, în fața căruia, *Masa Tăcerii* te invită la meditație, la reculegere. Ansamblul a fost menit să preamărească "memoria eroilor gorjeni care s-au jertfit în războiul de întregire" (citat din documente de donație), în luptele care s-au purtat de-a lungul râului Jiu în Primul Război Mondial. Mai întâi, rezistența eroică a locuitorilor orașului atunci când, în dimineața zilei de 14 octombrie 1916, bătrânii, femeile și copiii din orașul Târgu Jiu au reușit să respingă atacul trupelor germane care vroiau să ocupe orașul, cu multe jertfe din partea gorjenilor care și-au găsit sfârșitul în punctele fierbinți ale războiului, majoritatea situate de-a lungul cursului râului Jiu.

# → Cimoca Lorena, born in 2002

"I am Lorena and I learn at "Romulus Ladea" Visual High-School in Cluj-Napoca. I heard about this project from my oldest colleagues and I said I have to go in this kind of activities because I want to develop my English communication skills, my knowledge about Europe and about European citizenships. I liked every experiences trough Lithuanian meeting, I liked the Lithuanian contemporary art, especial the Lithuanian sculptures which I met in Marijampole and in Druskininkai. I hope I can do another projects."





Cozia Monastery, erected close

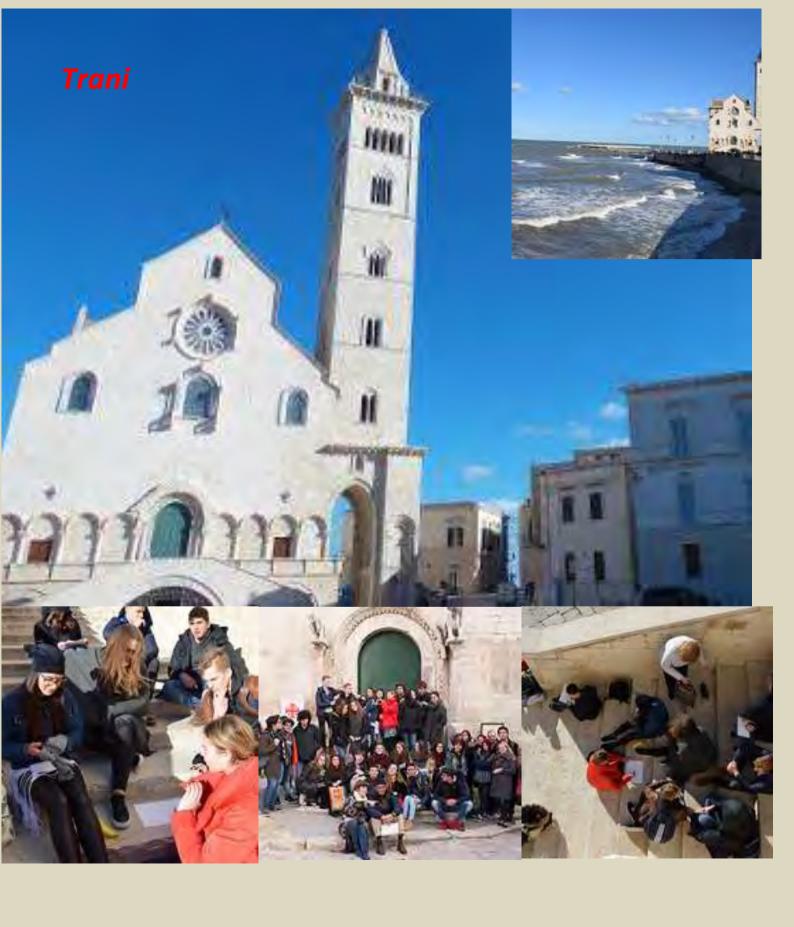
to Călimănești by Mircea the Elder in 1388 and housing his tomb, is one of the most valuable monuments of national medieval art and architecture in Romania. he name of the monastery is of Cuman origin and it means "walnut grove", from Turkic word *koz*, meaning walnut The original name of the place was the Romanian equivalent, *Nucetul*, but already in 1387, a document of Mircea cel Bătrân uses the current name.

The fortified cloister dates from the foundation (1388) and is the only in Byzantine style preserved in Romania. Two chapels are incorporated in the side toward the Olt River and their Byzantine cupolas are reflected in the water, creating one of the most iconic cultural - natural landmarks in Romania.

The appearance of the church was modified under Neagoe Basarab (1517), Şerban Cantacuzino and Constantin Brâncoveanu (1707), who added a veranda, a new fountain, a chapel and a watch tower, adding to its architecture the 'brâncovenesc style'.

Horezu, The town is well known for its people who make pottery and present it at an annual fair (see Horezu ceramics). There are special traditions which have been well preserved. The town has slightly over 6,000 inhabitants, most of them working in agriculture and services. Horezu is the site of Horezu Monastery, a World Heritage Site. Horezu is a town located in Vâlcea County, Romania, about 43km from Râmnicu Vâlcea.

Biserica mare cu hramul "Sfanta Treime", armonios proportionata, cu ornamentatie bogata, a fost construita de mesteri din Moravia, dupa modelul bisericii sarbesti din Crusevat, din piatra alba tare, intre 1387-1391, ctitor fiind domnitorul Mircea cel Batran. Conceputa dupa planul trilobat, ea surprinde prin precizia si perfectiunea realizarii artistice. A fost sfintita la 18 mai 1388. Partea superioara a chenarelor de la ferestre, rozetele de deasupra lor si pictura din pronaos dateaza din timpul lui Mircea cel Batran. Pictura a fost renovata in 1517, in vremea lui Neagoe Basarab, cand s-a facut si fantana care ii poarta numele, dupa cum se vede intrun fragment de inscriptie; intre anii 1706-1707 i-a fost adaugat pridvorul, s-a refacut pictura din incinta si s-au adaugat cerdacurile, chiliile si s-a reconstruit havuzul cu apa (baptisteriul din fata bisericii). Toate acestea s-au facut de catre paharnicul Serban Cantacuzino. Pictura originara se pastreaza in naos, unde pe peretele de vest sunt pictati Mircea si fiul sau Mihail in costume de cavaleri, iar in stanga se afla portretul lui Serban Cantacuzino.





**Trani Cathedral,** one of the most original example of Romanesque style churches in Apulia, the "rising sun" region of Italy, with a 59-metre high bell tower acting as a *spiritual lighthouse* overlooking everything and everyone. This fascinating building, a real *human miracle* between sky-heaven, earth and sea, inspired several writers, among them Matbuc of course: "The unknown, sublime architect understood how to get sky and sea to subdue to architecture, how to trans-*form* shapeless natural quality into the perennial unnaturalness of shape".

La *Cattedrale di Trani*, uno dei più originali esempi di chiese in stile romanico della Puglia, la regione del "sole che sorge", con un campanile alto 59 metri che funge da *faro spirituale* che tutto e tutti. Questo affascinante edificio, un vero *miracolo umano* tra il cielo, la terra e il mare, ha ispirato parecchi scrittori. Il critico e storico dell'Arte Cesare Brandi ha dedicato una descrizione poetica alla Cattedrale Romanica del XII secolo: "L'ignoto, sublime, architetto aveva compreso come condurre cielo e mare a cattivarsi l'architettura, come distruggere la naturalità informe nella perenne innaturalità della forma".

# Roberta Pacucci, born in 2001

« Before going to France, I was very excited about meeting new people from other countries. Making new friends is not something I often do, so I was surprised when I instantly clicked with most of the participants of the Erasmus+.

We still talk and I will always thank this project for this opportunity. Moreover, I have always wanted to go to France and the incredible places we visited really lived up to my expectations. My favourite memory is the trip to "Mont Sainte-Victoire", where we painted the scenery exactly where Cézanne and Matbuc did. Overall, it's an experience I will never forget "







Ruvo Cathedral, built in Apulian Romanesque-Gothic style between the XII and XIII centuries, during the Norman dominion in Apulia, is the heart of the historical centre. Between 1976 and 1979 some excavations brought to light testimonies of Peucetian (Peucetii were an ancient Apulian tribe),

Bitonto Cathedral, surrounded by medieval dwellings, dating from the late XI century, is the largest Romanesque church in Apulia. Its interior was "cleaned" of all the latest baroque additions. The archeological site underneath presents a tile figure of a Gryphon (Griffin), a mythical monster with head and wings of a bird and body of a feline; this is a symbol in Christian Art of the double nature of Jesus Christ - divine and human.

La *Cattedrale di Ruvo*, costruita nello stile Gotico-Romanico pugliese tra il XII e XIII secolo, durante il dominio normanno in Puglia, è il cuore del centro storico della città. La Cattedrale presenta un visibile livello del sagrato più basso della rete stradale della città; infatti, tra il 1976 e il 1979, gli scavi portarono alla luce testimonianze dell'era dei Peucezi (antica tribù pugliese), dei Romani e del Medioevo.

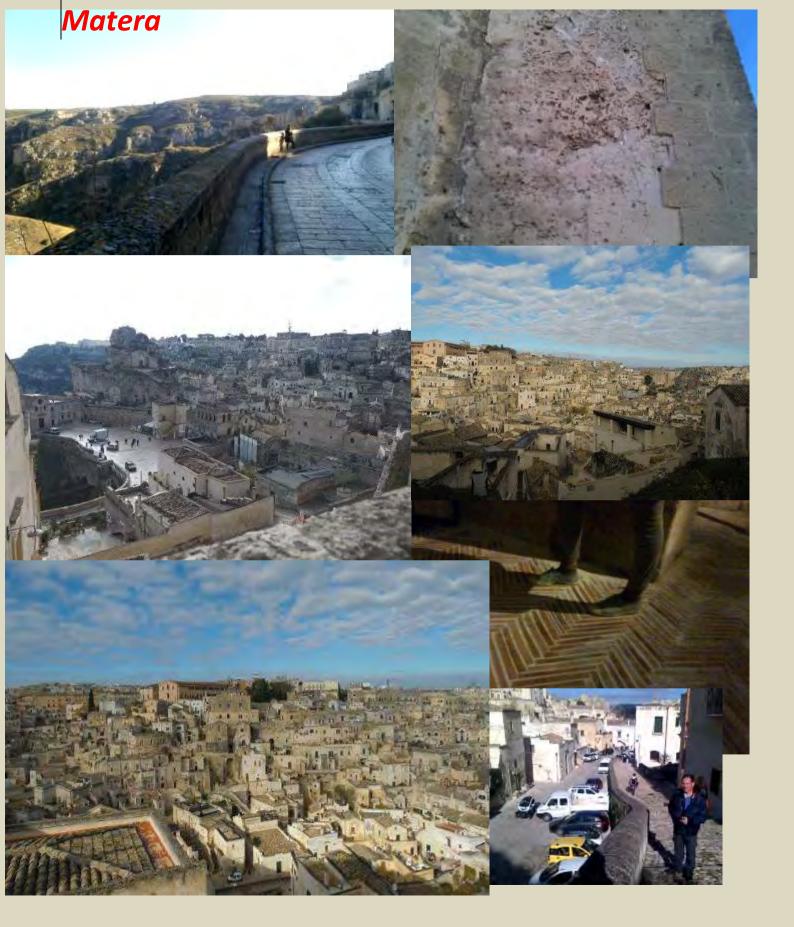
La *Cattedrale di Bitonto*, circondata da dimore medievali, risalente al tardo XI secolo, è un'imponente architettura e scultura di stile romanico con gli interni "ripuliti" dalle aggiunte del tardo barocco; pertanto assomiglia il più possibile alla sua forma originale che risulta essere stupenda nella sua semplicità. L'ambone (il pulpito) del XIII secolo è inciso nel marmo da scalpellisti pugliesi. Questo gioiello architettonico è la più grande Chiesa Romanica di Puglia e *custodisce* nel livello più basso le rovine di una antica chiesa cristiana, risalente al V-VI secolo, poco dopo che la regione fosse convertita al cristianesimo.

Allo stato attuale, un soggiorno da Matbuc a Bitonto è considerato altamente probabile (disegni della cattedrale) ma difficile da datare.

### Squeo Francesco, born in 2001

« At first I was a bit scared. The date of the departure was approaching and the anxiety in me grew exponentially: it was the first time I went so far without my parents. As far as expectations are concerned, I was very confident, and this confidence was handed to me by the local boys when they came to stay in Bitonto. Smart guys and kind, polite and funny families. I didn't look for many pictures of Lithuania on the internet before leaving because I wanted it to be a surprise, and so it was: a fantastic place, quiet and full of green areas and lakes. I found myself really well with my Italian, Lithuanian, Romanian and French friends.

Together we shared unforgettable moments, which in their light-heartedness also had something magical. Among the most beautiful memories there is certainly the barbecue at the campsite, near the lake, with the beach volleyball game. Then I will certainly remember the afternoon at the adventure park in the woods, how nice! Thank you all for the fantastic experience. »





**Matera** in the region of Basilicata, the 2019 European Capital of Culture, natural setting of famous movies, both national and international (such as "Cristo si è fermato a Eboli" by Francesco Rosi, "The Gospel according to St. Matthew" by Pier Paolo Pasolini and "The Passion" by Mel Gibson), was recognized Unesco World Heritage Site in 1993 thanks to its Sassi - the very ancient settlements carved into the rock - and beautiful Rupestrian Churches.

Matera nella regione della Basilicata, Capitale Europea della Cultura del 2019, ambiente naturale di famosi film, sia nazionali che internazionali (come "Cristo si è fermato a Eboli" di Francesco Rosi, "Il Vangelo secondo Matteo" di Pier Paolo Pasolini e "The Passion" di Mel Gibson), è stata riconosciuta Patrimonio dell'Umanità dall'UNESCO nel 1993 grazie ai suoi Sassi, insediamenti umani molto antichi scavati nella roccia, e alle sue bellissime Chiese Rupestri.

Tra Matera e Matbuc è una lunga storia d'amore. A ciascuna delle sue numerose crisi di disperazione causate dalla sua mancanza di successo con il pubblico, a causa della troppo grande novità delle sue teorie artistiche, è venuto a trovare la serenità nelle profondità di una casa troglodita. Sapeva che qui, la gente lo capiva.

#### Maria Sicolo . born in 1998

« Before leaving I did not know what to expect. I had never been abroad and Lithuania seemed like a very distant and unknown place. I was curious to discover a new culture and meet new people.

Once in Vilnius I was struck by its streets, but this is not the only thing that fascinated me. In general, the Lithuanian way of life has greatly struck me, for their respect for the environment and for people.

I collected many good memories and I find it hard to say which is the most beautiful, but I loved the moments when people with different origins and cultures came together to form a group. I loved dancing with students who wore traditional clothes, as I felt part of their culture; I loved sitting with them on the grass watching the same moon that unites our skies ».





Castel del Monte, a 13th-century castle built by Frederick II von Hohenstaufen, situated on a hill near Andria in Apulia, region of southeastern Italy. Its mysterious shape is an octagonal prism with an octagonal tower at each corner. The original geometric design attracts many architectural students from around the world. There are also features from the Islamic Orient and Northern European Gothic, showing Frederick's interest in different cultures and architectures. He included hydraulics for bath and toilet facilities, a concept borrowed from the Orient.

Castel del Monte, un castello del XIII secolo costruito da Federico II, situate su una collina vicino Andria in Puglia, regione a sud-est dell'Italia. La sua misteriosa forma è un prisma ottagonale con una torre ottagonale ad ogni angolo. L'originale design geometrico attira molti studiosi di architettura da ogni parte del mondo. Ci sono anche elementi dell'Oriente islamico e del gotico dell'Europa del nord, il che mostra l'interesse di Federico II alle culture e alla architetture. Egli incluse l'impianto idraulico per i servizi del bagno, un concetto mutuato dall'Oeiente.

Matbuc, nato l'8 agosto (8x8), era affascinato dalle otto torri ottagonali del castello di Federico. Per lui, l'"8" era il simbolo dell'infinito verticale, della trascendenza.

Era anche affascinato dalla personalità di Frederic, un grande conoscitore europeo dell'Islam e un saggio negoziatore che era riuscito con la persuasione in cui le armi dei crociati avevano fallito.

#### Adriana Bonasia born in 2002

« The trip to Lithuania was one of the most unforgettable experiences of my life, as it allowed me to expand my cultural and language "baggage". In fact, I can currently say that the most beautiful memory of this experience was when I was in live contact with "foreign" kids, when we spent our evenings in the park.

One of the motivations of this experience was my desire to know better what are the cultures and traditions of other countries and different people. »





Barletta (plus Andria and Trani) is an Apulian province. This city is famous for the so called Colossus, a bronze statue, representing a Roman Emperor (perhaps Theodosius II). This statue, called "Eraclio" by the inhabitants, is about 4 metres (13 feet) tall, and remains the biggest statue survived since the late Roman Empire. The heart of the old town is the Castle, one of Southern Italy's most beautiful Renaissance fortresses, which now houses the Civic Museum. In 1503 Barletta was the location of the Disfida di Barletta ("Joust of Barletta"), a battle during which 13 Italian knights led by Ettore Fieramosca, offended by the French, challenged and defeated 13 French knights. But what makes this city historically very important is the famous archeological site of Canne della Battaglia where the Romans defeated Hannibal's Carthaginian Army in 216 B.C..

.. Giuseppe De Nittis who worked as an impressionist artist in France in connection with famous artists such as Degas, Manet, Morisot, Matbuc, was from Barletta

**Polignano** a mare, the birthplace of the renowned singer Domenico Modugno, is an Apulian small town, known also as the "Pearl of the Adriatic" with its fascinating historical centre revealing traces of its Arab, Byzantine, Spanish and Norman past.

**Barletta** (più Andria e Trani) è una provincia pugliese. Questa città è famosa per il cosiddetto Colosso, una statua bronzea che rappresenta un imperatore romano (forse Teodosio II). Questa statua, chiamata "Eraclio" dagli abitanti, è alta circa 4 metri (13 piedi), e rimane la statua più grande sopravvissuta dal tardo Impero Romano. Il cuore del borgo antico è il Castello, una delle più belle fortezze rinascimentali del sud Italia, che ora ospita il Museo Civico. Nel 1503 Barletta fu il luogo della *Disfida di Barletta*, una battaglia in cui 13 cavalieri italiani guidati da Ettore Fieramosca, offesi dai francesi, sfidarono e sconfissero 13 cavalieri francesi. Ma ciò che rende questa città molto importante storicamente è il famoso sito archeologico di Canne della Battaglia dove i Romani sconfissero l'Armata Cartaginese di Annibale nel 216 prima di Cristo.

Inoltre, abbiamo visitato il seicentesco Palazzo Della Marra che ospita le opere di **Giuseppe De Nittis**, che ha lavorato come artista impressionista in Francia insieme a famosi artisti come Degas, Manet, Matbuc, Morisot durante il XIX secolo.

**Polignano a mare**, luogo di nascita del famoso cantante Domenico Modugno, è una piccola città pugliese, nota anche come la "Perla dell'Adriatico" con il suo affascinante centro storico che rivela tracce del suo passato arabo, bizantino, spagnolo e normanno.

# Paola Robles born in 2002

« Before leaving for Romania, I was a little bit worried because I didn't know my host family and I just hoped to get on well with them (it was so!). But at the same time I was excited about spending a week in a country which I had never been before, with people coming from different European areas. I still remember when we were at school and some little girls, who wore typical Romanian clothes, came to us and started singing some Romanian songs. It was an awesome moment, also because our teachers started dancing together.

# FRIENDS

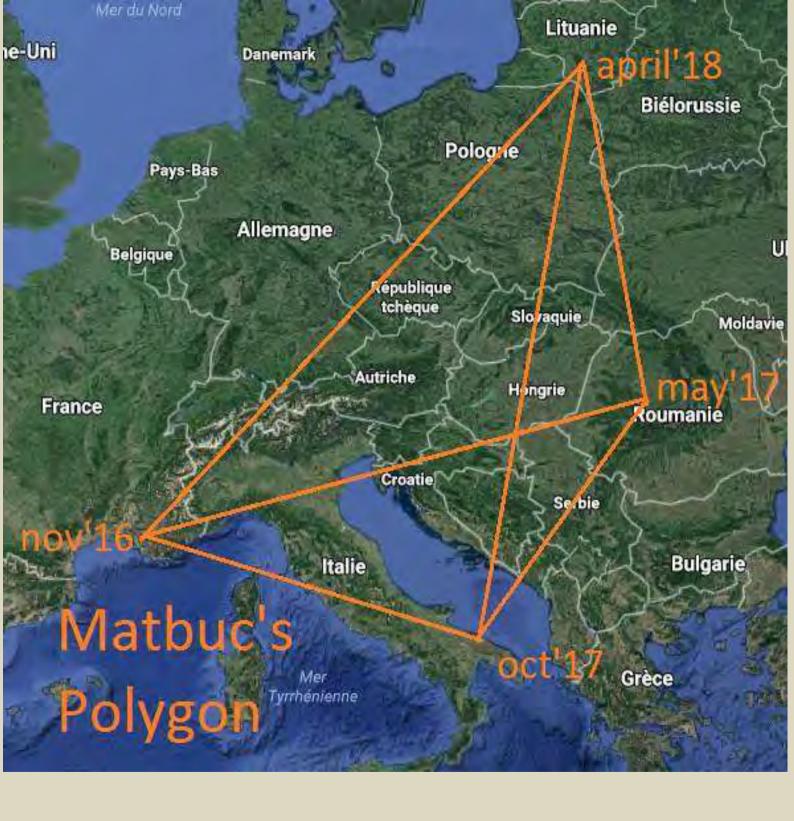
What drives Matbuc's life is: friendship, making friends.

Because creativity comes from sharing ideas, whatsoever.

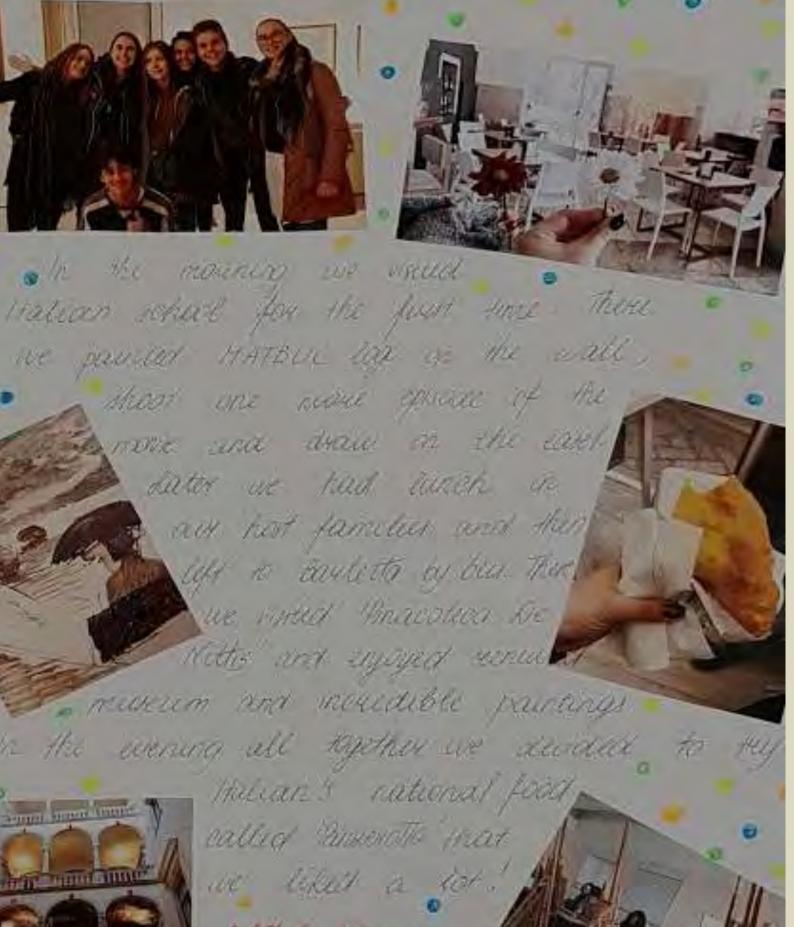
In Matbuc's path we just have the feeling, the will: to make friends all over, from south, west, north, or east Europe: European friends.

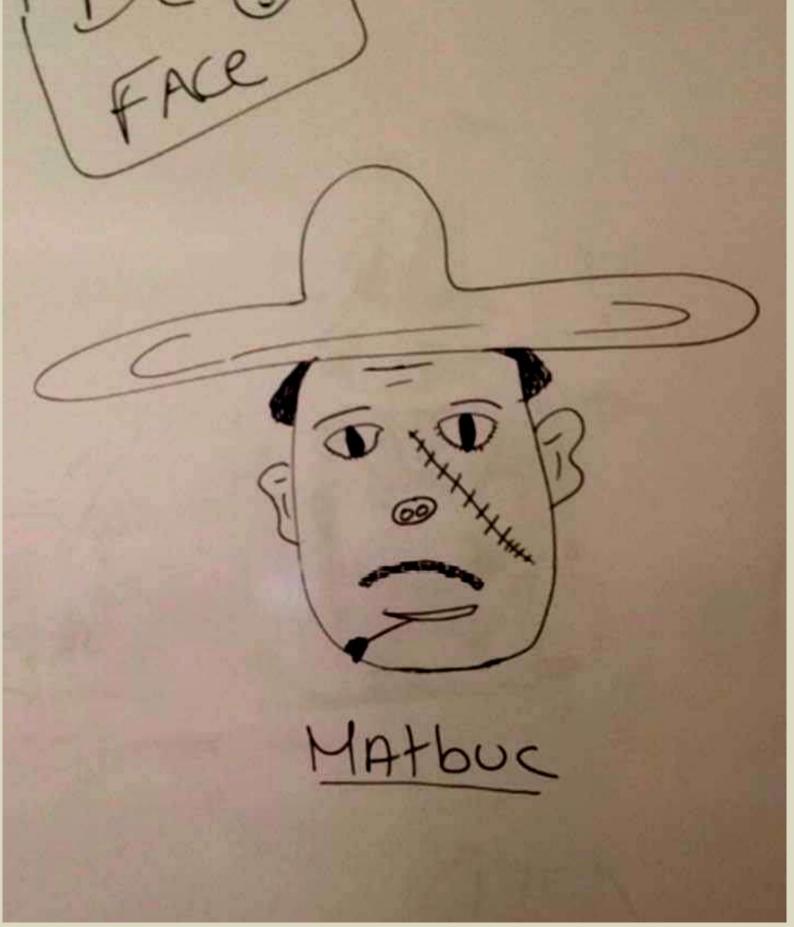
In places we were friends.

Have a look.



**LUYNES – CLUJ.NAPOCA – BITONTO – MARIJAMPOLE** 















November 19, 2006

Traceing was over free clay to me at me that an event stage met at the en freezence news our foundation. We wise took others to some cost to ings for water took over med to the feet of the took of the mediant of the took of the mediant of the took of the mediant of the took of the

LATER WE med our Thelian trained and started working and showing from trajection outle ouce it was over the start charge in Fronce point we small to say been point and supply the special training and supply the special training some





































On toturday (20 day) we travelled to Alba Tulia Alba Tulia is historically important for Romanians so firstly in Fillia Tulia we visited the largest chadd in Romania - Alba

Caxolina

One of the

most inte
Hesting

things of

this place

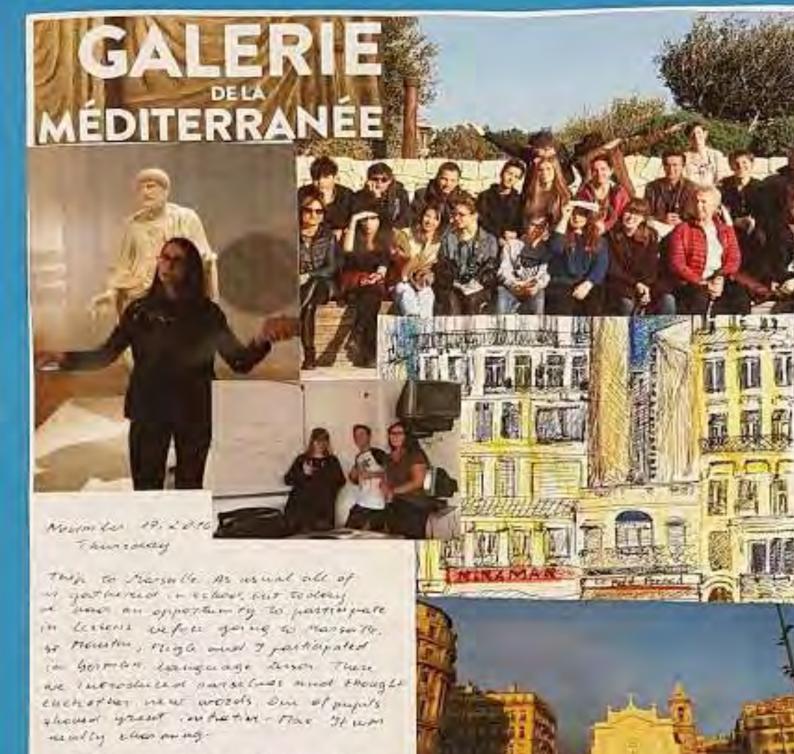
was that

it's stax
shaned

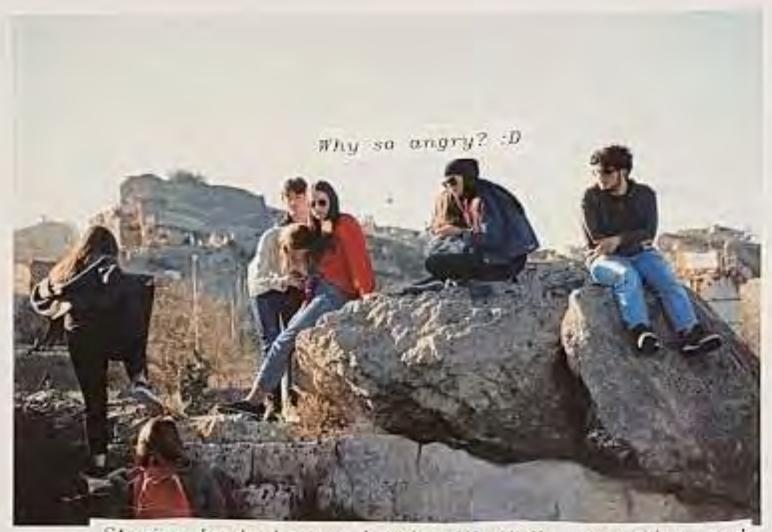








persone we obsdess to them somethe town tright. Planet as and I have to go really fast, becomes we interested to sing some











November 18, 2016 Friday

Trip to ser on Previous Arrest Province is a very senertyful with some years grown any were it because of our write that the city years me

Fit in Revant was a very cong viet found with material attacks connecting contract and patents against the contract patents of the contract in the eventual and in the contract and in the constants and in the constants and in the constants of parameter against parameter against the constants of parameters against the parameter of parameters.

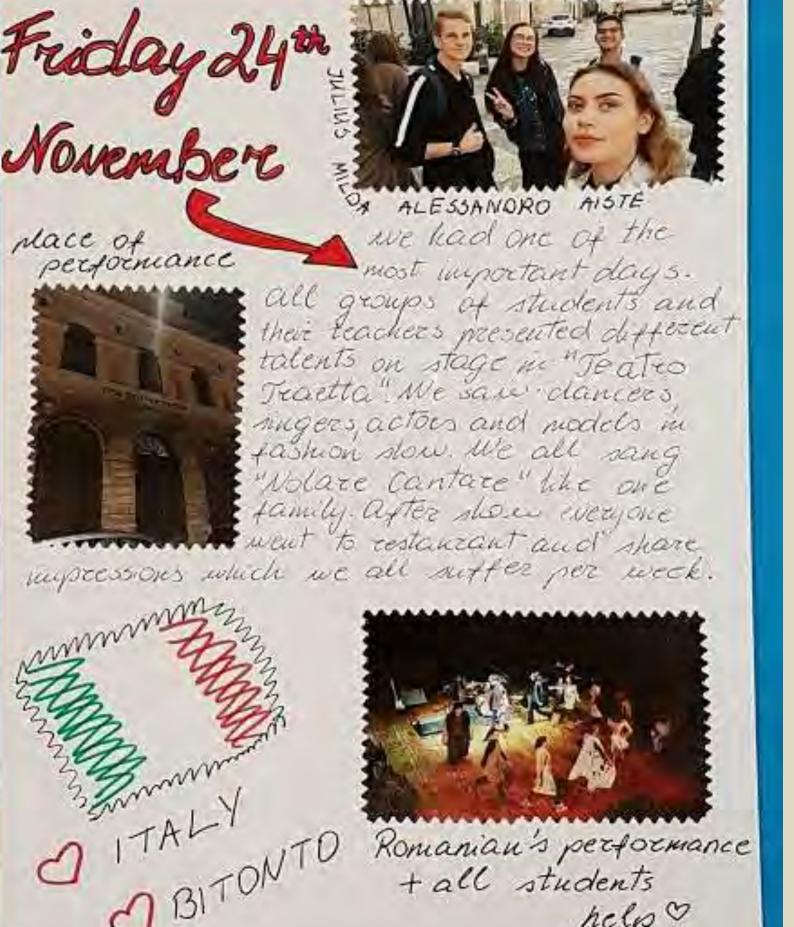
Then early is called conflicted come and weather in thy, because the forest and a let of place to be used a let of the west and a let of the let of the

We wanted foundation
Vocatedy The en a market 
which was to the works.
I viete Variously White
Priogle moved I were working
the conglet our members.

we were really imprimed by extent works because we saw now much work the value of value of puttled in this extender.

I remember when we were oping back to the kine, keleste teamed to me and the war nearly east. I was said too. Incomes the ener of our journey was coming to part it was so hard to say goodby to everyone It was very each all of us tried, in fact I say now too, because I missed thereforely so much.









# Matbuc in Cluj - Napoca, Romania 2017 05 18 - 05 24





On hundry, early in the morning we writed—the sculpture of Constantin Brancis at Jarque Ju. This sculpture is for Romanian heroes of the First World War. After that

we visited bracus park of sculptures where we had a walking we saw

traditional Romawas the most twonal dance I And then we had after which we tenaissance cartle ta. It is one of this in Europe



have even men short puzza heak visited gothic
Covern in Hunedon
- the largest cas-

morning a morning a morning a morning a without Williams authorite Williams and all our busine patiently waited for our flight Mosaur Our flight lasted about the and it was without any inconvinience. Then we huminally took cover of our things and flow to Cluj Napoca. Our hosts went altra and waiting for us so we guickly greeted each other and went with them. In the after from we were scattered in groups and went to have a look at the city, which will he own, have for one week.



In the wening, we all unexpectedly metup and we spent the wening talking and uetting know each other until we all felt tired and went home I think we all we all had a great day and we

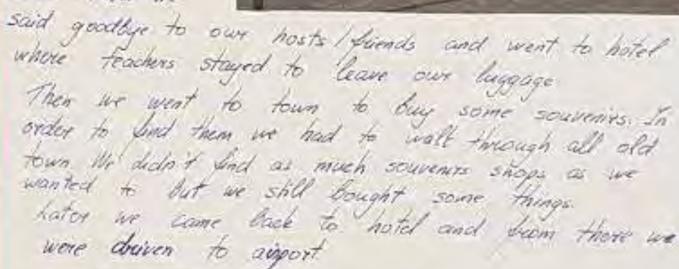


Portrait de Franjo Ber. Par Mathas



May 24, 2017 Wednesday

On the last day owr team met at school. Those we

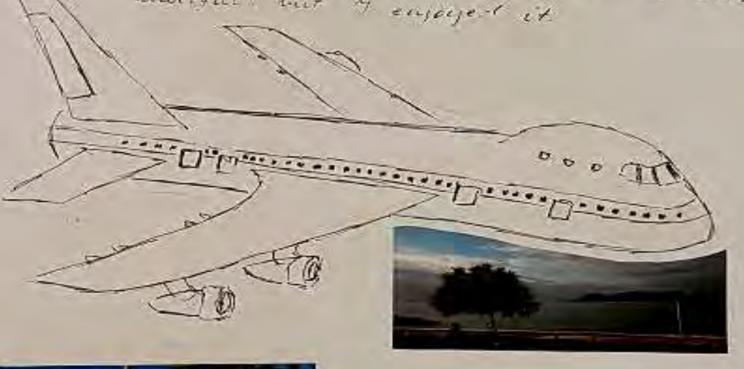








Our parmy began on November 13, 2016 Sunday. At the time in Lithwania was already winter, it was sold and full of mow when we arrived to the we saw completely different chimate, but pistly I want to talk about your flight. For every body, except toachers, the flight was the first one and we all were very wormed. Nagority brated the flight, because for someone it was a little martial, but I enjoyed it









It's baugun 'What a pleasant surprise. Will he be joining us for bunch? 12.11 region will 12.40: I can tool some tension growing between the two friends

Something is about to happen - I can feel it - Calm

Calm

Calm

Calm







"New papers to day was Therefore when we were going on a mountown with. We were he have on waring the victoria Processor and the view was beautiful, we enjoyed presh and another was a lot of new expensionies. Theatwol to be note waftelent, that I would also much more than I thought. I must new people, when hite was over me parinted the spaints victoria Prountainview. That was very enteresting and may to me."

- Rugile

When I just woke up in the muching the need much of the house greeted me will were electrical break fort. croissant and pasta which was very old cious. Then 5 meture of Friench guil who Shower his the way to wonderful place collect pix on Provonce In there I met my dear freends Kita and transcer, from there we stented our journey together. We saw so many out 1884 suger new from our of them I bought very delicious tea that I drink till this day in Then I was ted very pamous museum "Granet" in there & said paintings which inspired one to de more creative and I feel greateful till this day Then we met our Haban friends, we turned a cut and laughed fire the time when we end to say our good byes I temmenter enjing so much, it was recelly precious happy und sad all at the time Till this day I fell blescol that I wan able to be in this project "





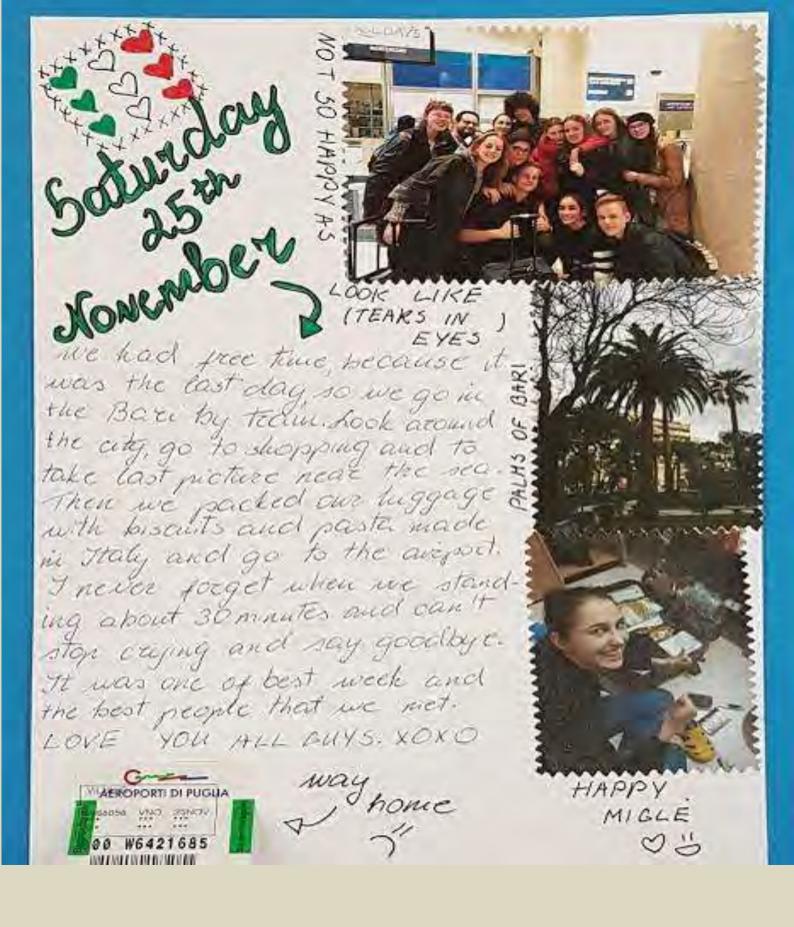
There we downot some stuff where we bought some stuff and we met knoch team. When it was time to go to our plane we said goodbye to



each other and went to take our scats of plane In Marson 's ausport we had to sport four hours. There we went to exab some blood and then we just sat reas window and resette and talked to each other. Time flow really fast and on 25 thursday 's early morning we had already been home.

(In every flight we took, we got these walles and we had Lown flights That was







a Matera, si!





Today we went on a trip.

Today we went on a trip.

Our last stop was at Salina Twada sult mine this place was the a refreshment because that day was really not and in mine it was chilly. Salina Twada itself was really impressive and late in the bettop of the nine amared us we even said that this lake lasts like one from the film , through tother and the task - Blood Prince.

When we shipped our town at Salina Twada we went to the restaurant to eat lanch.

Often lunch we went outside and laid







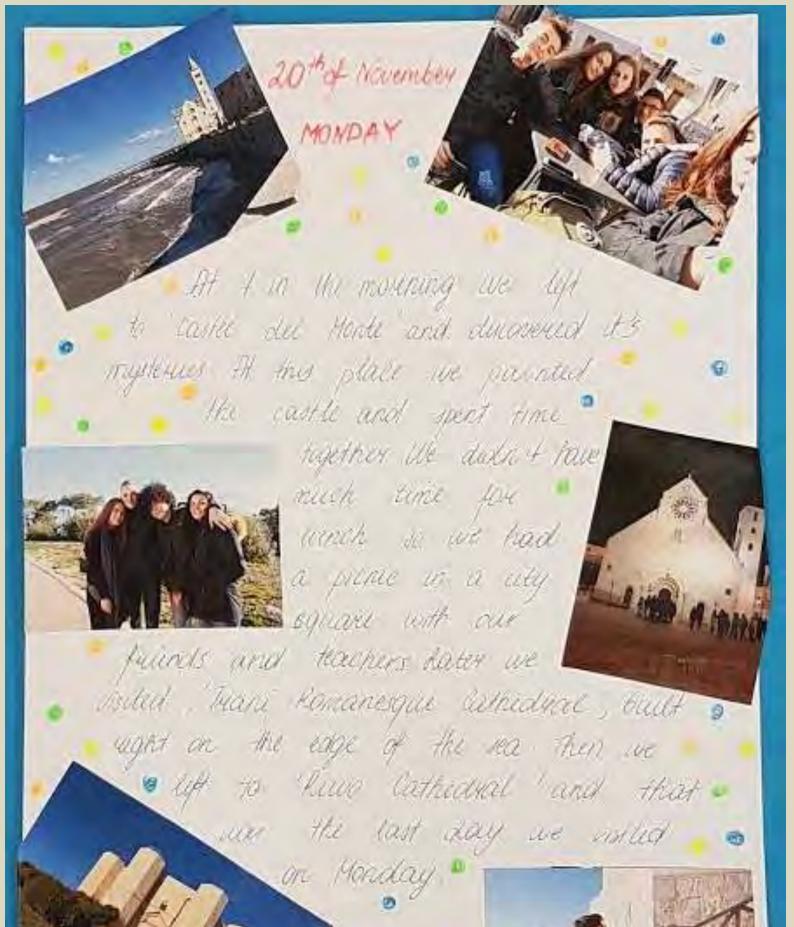
After a hours we find ly arrived to type International Georges Duby since we abolin't know the school at all for me it would who a cabyrenth with many entrances and many exits. In our school, ellipse dress code is slightly trightened but in France and not only in school I not seed that everyone were very relaxed and volvoly earles about your looks It is captivating that what wasked attange for as - the distration of our lesson is not structure like in our schools, but somewites. Measure of that sometimes their tessous and at 6 pm and we atill complain about wing harring lessons meriden that are summer hotology wie our month couper than in Lycer Thresholden's Georges Duby.

On the first day there want a lot of action, we and Italians distributed the work While we were making the conster one of the Italians Gueseppe need in our workplace looking for an freends Dur music teather told down to go and help us and then



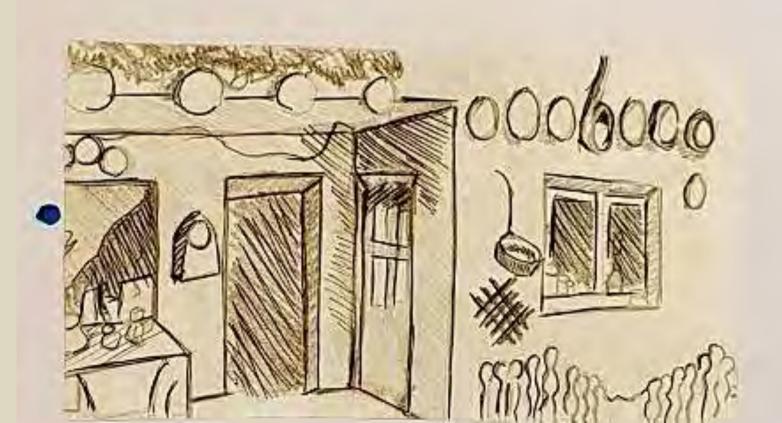
HI the end of the story we went to the families. Thy correspondent Charlette is very hind and sweet, just a ke our family. We were very once and friendly to me and asked a lot of questions subout diffusione and also me

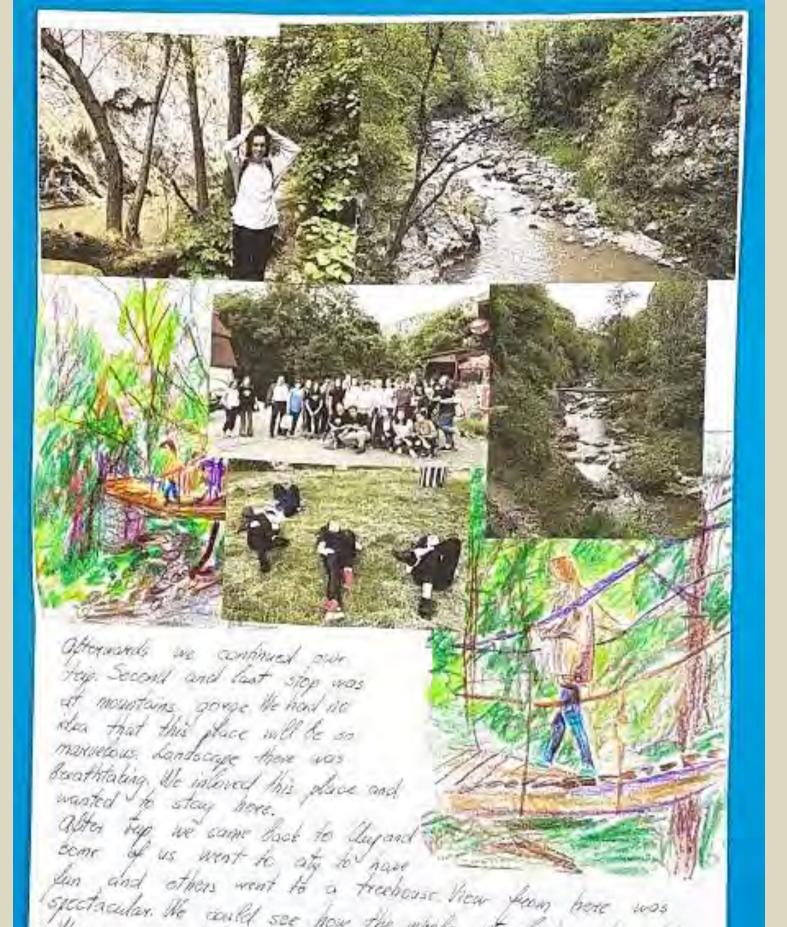
To war lovely to live with them

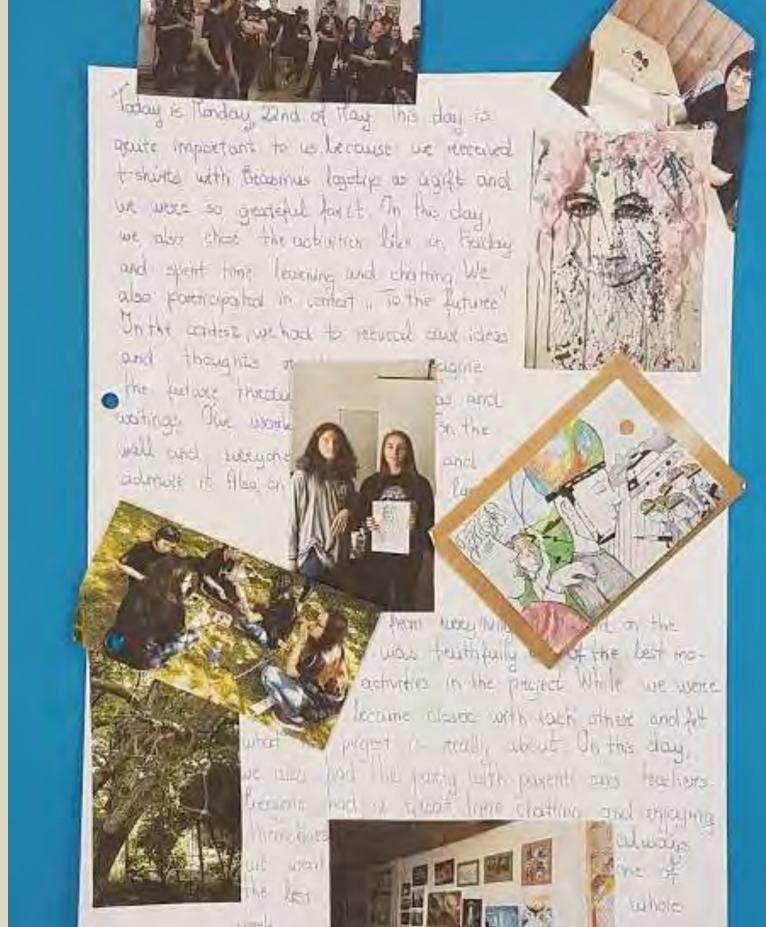


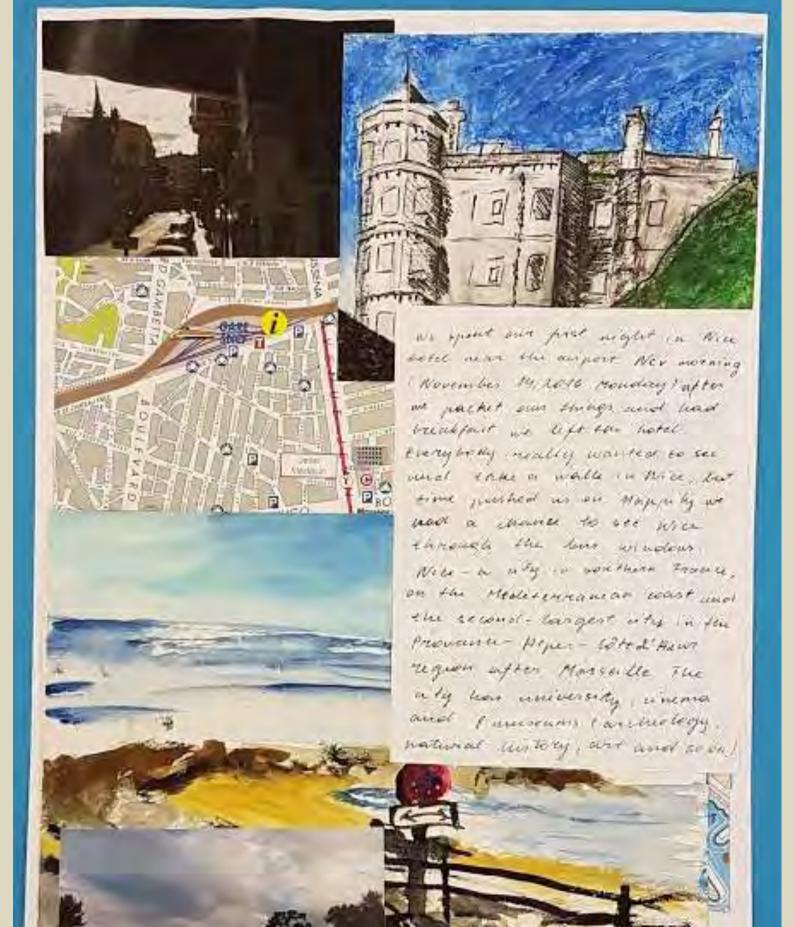
they work to more to start our memorable nomeuxitle" On this clay, we leavened a letoneur things and became more comportable by rock other. When we call presented our will had a short weak and then we saw yourd In those we all those the activities to do and splitted into growings Builting went to the intocureus, Horinga and Daniele a and Remember concernes And that's hour our seconds day went We were in school til 6:00 promond Inter we went to the city to usit some codes and shops and to the of sly. I think were thing exercise had be

do we had a long walk in this citadel but it was the most incredible part
of all day because we found out
some interesting historical facts about
Romania and also inside citadil a lot
of brandiful places. At the end of the
day we visited aranic workshop













The stay will very long and freeh freeh because out the form were appears in the prech and I felt good much the considered that there everyberg is business as extent there everyberg it business as extent there everyberg it business as felt happying too.

## November 16, 2016 Freedom

on the second day we climbed the moon turns to reconscionate the fore the fore the fore the fore the by Paris a construction of the fore t



Finally when we reached the target - montrager Swinter - Victoine we took out on pencils, briefly pencils much started started started to make and tragether.







## Matbuc's JOURNAL OF IMPRESSIONS

Day 1. Ziva 1.

Long road to go, late arrived blot new people, our hosts, long conversations ofter dinner this is just the beggining.

Drum lung de facul, am ajuens tarziu.

Am intallut persame noi, gazdele noaske, couversatii lungi deupat
maste.

Acesta este doar sucepudul.







Everyone is nice and friendly; Mesic loud, we dance, sing and paint. M-am thezit devreme din nou. Organizóm treburile moastre scoala. Cred cá as pulea conduce eclupa de pictat. Votal a fost corect, s'ar moi masuram logo-ul pe perete. Cu toti sunt draquit ni phietenosi; Muzna data tare, noi dansom, cantom ni pictom.

Morung movee meaninger. Too excited to see Marseille, finally gotting to see how this famous city looks like. Walking beride the port, the smell of sally water along with a modern varchikehire putture. Got dogether, we care leging to take photos of that winset out of the bux window; It looks like the own is drowning in the lock Montam filmele de dimineresta. Foarte mehobodateare sã vigite llaroeille, sinsforzit rajung sã vad cum ratata acest oras renumit. Me plimbom pe langé port, mirosul de aga saratol vine impreuna cu imaginea ashitecturii moderne. Ne-am adunat, noi incercom sá facem poze la agus prin geamul autobuzului. Arata ca ni cum soarele s-as ûneca în marea lorga.

Free: Everyone on their own. But we still decided to get together because we got too close and those bonds rant be broken ofter a week.

Aix again, but this time, being our last together. Hours feel like minutes, I'm already leaving. Evening got fun with yournts, playing rards and laudwing.

Liber. Fiècare este pe cont propries. Dar noi tet am decis sa me Intalmim, peutre ca me-am apropriat foarte tare, var aceste legotheri mu pot fi distrese dupa o saptomôné. Aix dim mou, dar de aceasto data pind sultima moastes data simpleund.

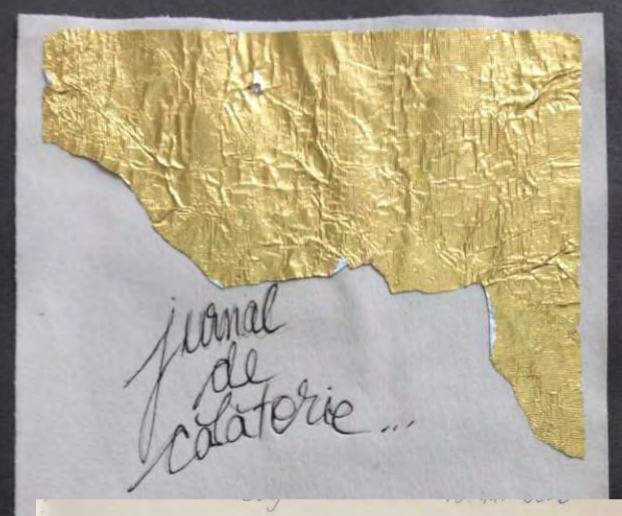
Orele trec precum minutele, deja plec.

Seara a devent diskackivá cu posninti, jucond costi ni









Topent with our families. This is the day that y god some more sleep and after y were up we diaded to go and visit more of this on provence the ottochems that y didn't get to see when y went with the others. It pust we would to eat lunch at a sandarch place ralled a beaglestein ", weighting was so good and clinais. Then we slowley walked the rias ed cuter and y did some awar spopping but their hime logicite with my family.

17 moiembrie 2016 Mà tuzese de dimunada zi ma pregatese. sparatul foto era micarcat, disaruce ari vom vizita renumituloraz Morrielle, pe care mil dorum la îl vizitez de bruilt. Am vizitat Virma data um muzeu mou in dray , care eva barat pe cizivilapia zi arta mediteraneana. Byja am mors in portul oraquilii. Plimbarua prin port mi-a placut enoum de mult. Ziva sousorità, mitessul de apà rarotà, barcilo iclatimandurse, o impetata mare zi gustoara .. (Spire drumul spire rais a fort palpitant, disarere am vazid tot chazul ambracat an rosele sourchel la grus.

18 maiembrie 2016 Azi murgan in Aix-en provence sunt foarte maintata peutru vizitarua gi exil ratua acentri craz Edata ajunsa am incoput na fac porce, total erra plin de povojti Chaditiste van prefiratele mule, dat zi stradutele muc zi intortorluc plime de magazine si butiqueuri, conce de un bulevord lung of plem the prumures Luna lunga plimbate prin otas , am mers la museul lu Vararely. Operale ilii orta, imense, m-au ingremorat Multe iturii optice of jost framos. Seara am petrecut-o alaturi de famili presentind is servined delicative granturest





Visiting and achool.

Love prosonted the ochool, then we watched the presontations about Bramouni.

Ceramies and and and ort





Then we made the teams for each and every workshop. 20 modalt, move and hitaryleurs

and ceranics.



19 motembrie 2016 E nambata Am hought na recuperer nomale itsi era tiva libera per care a petreccam alăture de familia gatda Noi am decis tă vom mutige im Avignon Ajumsi oxolo, me incepem excussia Tomprecenta Era o el imposito pe traine parate are acester or as overemoscut lora de mine. D-are m-au paratifacente race in viett palatul popular, a imenutate, am affait putina interes Dim variful accide polat is vedea tot etapul; era magic, me ma putam spre den zambit gr sim a jack piece frameul fram lunt in central estagalia prainte ntradute justemale, la o terana frantiuseasia. Unde the mai visited in italia terrapa intriceur, in military from movements ? - evan frames. prumul vorten a rentined la museul appletes de lumières, unde com procedate meratu de ale lui Chagalle pe busati movine de protra Luciarile se muzeau. ian te findat era muzica fram done

piele de gaina Atat de bine nu miram sumpt microdata ità bucur extrem de mult ra ann putet sa far parte den occest procest, devarece cun comorced miste ocumen incredibili , ce in-au primet in victile les , in cara ler si au fost familia mua pendru o noctamana

chagal





15 malembrie 2016 16 Maiembrie 2016 A dava zi de activitate a fort destribità le trezim de dimineață pentru a merge activitation in secola unde fuserem si presidentà, scoola unde invotan gazdele zcoalà, la prima intalnire cu particimountie s-a votat logo-ul projectului, mti proiectului. După prezentatua proiectului, echipa de pictura , s-a ocupat de pi pornim ppre muntele Saint Victorie, acestura pe un sid den curtea gcoli. ide aveam na me petrecem dupamara En am facit parte dina grupul rei ji imul papar 1-am jacut intr-o podure, interior film I gest pourte interierrent redum john se filmeaza um axementa ide obismula na picleze celebrul film. Jupa o zi lunga de activitati tor Ceranie Dipa ci um facit cateira schipe, un ajuns areira, la moite mounte multi fund de prevajul minico, me-ami familie 31 den nous, am cinat impro timuat calateria itm ajuis zi la muntile Al prim multile poverts pe rais le am minit, Saint Fictoire, comosent find cavit, am ayours no me currentem pt muza lu lizarme. Dupa o servine ichite si popuzi destre viaba to when, me-am intreplat you cara, familie garde, unde am petrecut scara

Alle Iulia, the white citadel

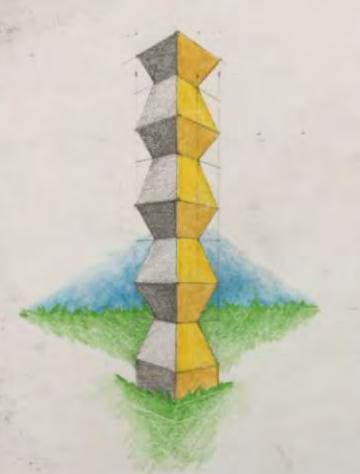
Our flint notop was in Albe Illianshine a control on, a medieval wasside shound in the follows and told use los of things book. It's history and passipass.

Then we want to the Cotele monantum on all the about and valuable more monant in Romania, built make them Googeon as by Horce the Elder.



By for the most interesting and Southly after day had been the commiss demonstration made by a palony moster





In the marroy of Brancusi
We arrived at Targe ju, where none
of the most famous works of
Brancus are.

Morniments like the Emollers a The total of withence and. The Got time

Snow this more and imposhed but they are for more imposhed from you close.

We also stated the Carvin Costle, are of my favorites costels in Romanie.



It was just the first day and we already were a group!

By Fabio Lovascio

#### Inviato dal mio dispositivo mobile Huawei

----- Messaggio originale -----

Oggetto: Erasmus Da: Martina Taccogna A: beppe.ungaro@virgilio.it

CC:

ERASMUS MATBUC was one of the best experiences I have ever had and I can't wait to go to Lithuania to complete this experience. Thanks to Erasmusplus project and above all the art, I knew French, Lithuanians and Romanians but also other guys in my school.

#### Martina

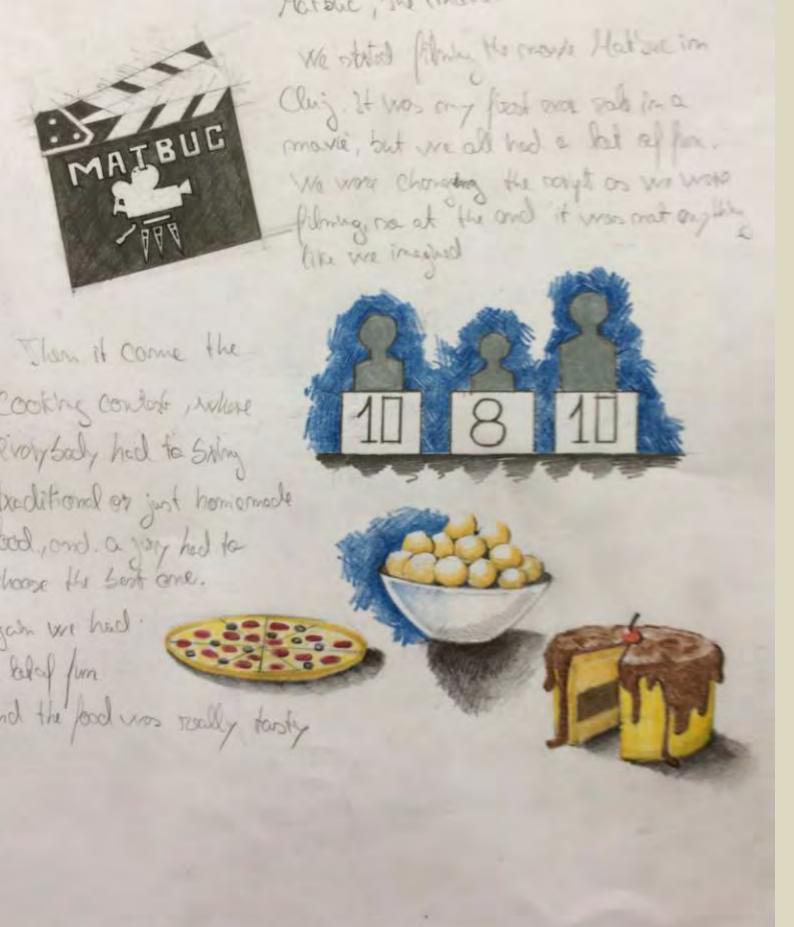
Dear Henri,

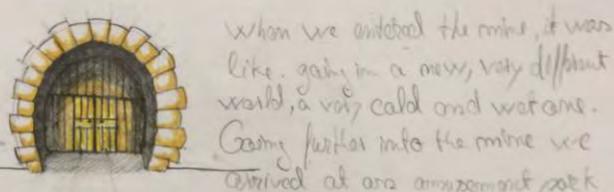
here is one more text.

- > Yo C,
- > you know what? M. texted me this morning. It was a really long time that we didn't chat.
- > She was complaining about her bf cause he wasn't completely honest with her and stuff. After a while we started talking about the great memories we had of that Erasmusplus project in France.
- > Do you remember? I wrote about it, it was the project called MATBUC.
- > Remembering it has been really funny, must admit, expecially when the story of the choir came out.
- > How could I ever forget that Lituanian song and all those guys, who in that moment were strangers to me, singing delighted?
- > The first time I heard it, we (me, my Italian mates, and those who in a really short time would have become my Romanian friends) were preparing a banner for the project.
- > We were completing the last details, when suddenly someone started playing wonderfully a piano. So we followed the music and we saw the Lituanian pupils singing a traditional song played on the piano by their teacher. It was a great moment, not just because they were really good at singing, but they were, above all because it (the song) created a really nice atmosphere, they (the Lithuanian learners and teachers) created a sort of an alternative European anthem.
- > When they ended, we began clapping loudly and after a while we all took part in that choir.



Transfer de door r-un peisaj montan de exceptie, unde 50 de voluntari laboro de n ma ctip atie 1 furnico, d-art lucranilas nat de , posibiliscop 4 nu send dea te opti ronstructu Im'd , muzurai se de le lungi unco . ciar tuorter, frontito. ii si ventru a care adapa se odihnea ise ya uncat un - pietre - materiali mixte: pietriceli, crinqute, floriceli, frunce. iii le coteva ori cure ciar comfor ntre cin a cu si la pele-, ace 2 puno la vajosii salvatori au au gu pum promo voventialo, au





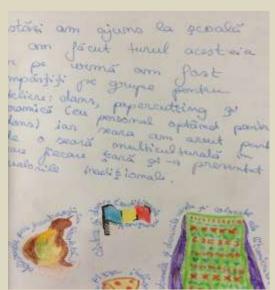
and a saltwater lake. We had a lat of him have, but them we continued our try to Clark Title.

Save out of company,
that is also a matual
protected reserve hosting
many species of plats
and anomals. We had
a gleat hite

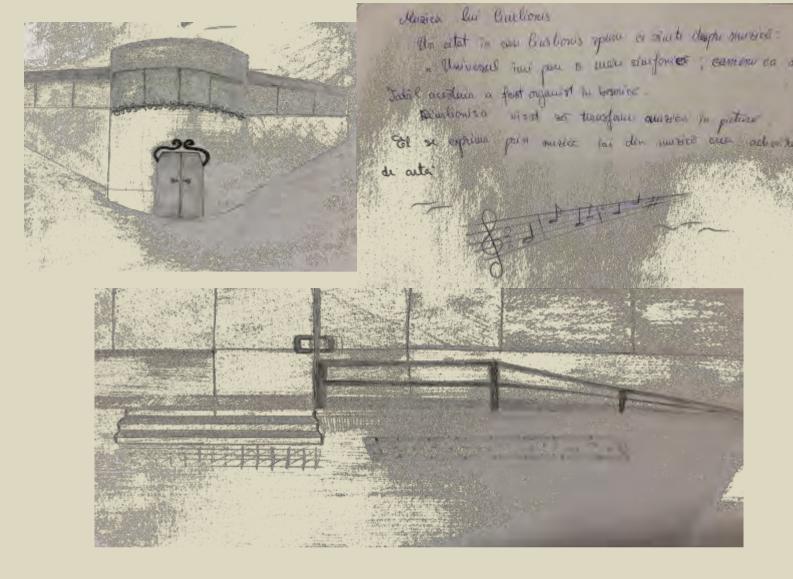


Lituania CALATORIE Cinca Kexandra MARION Holin



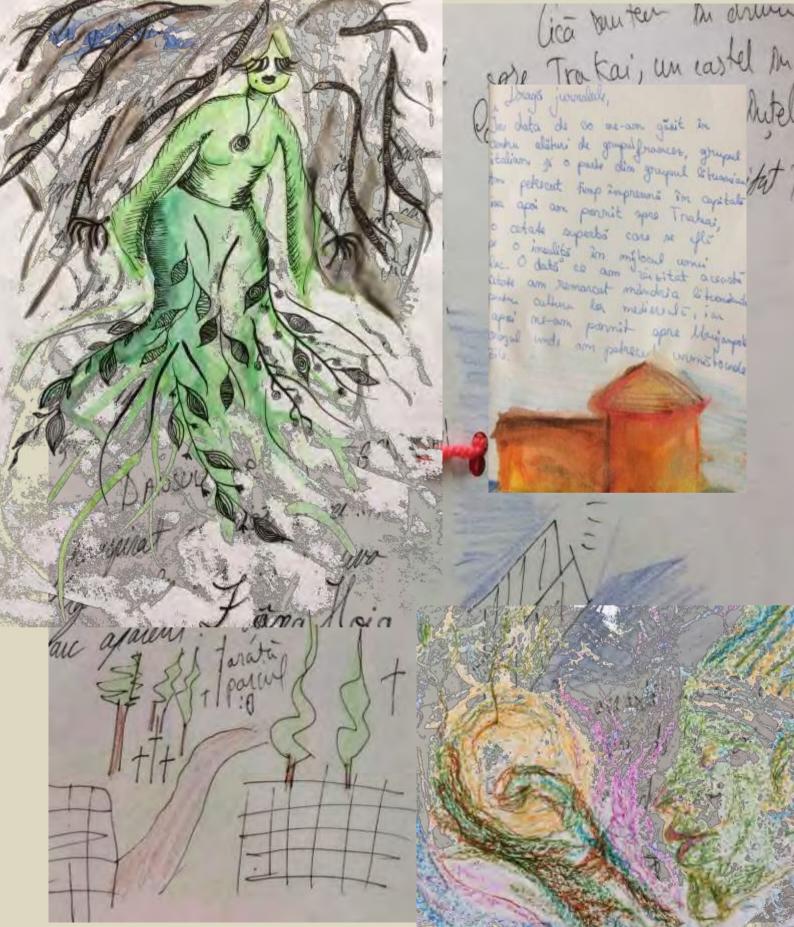


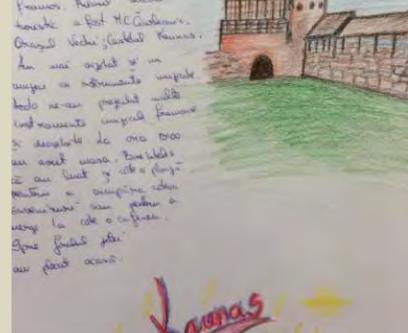


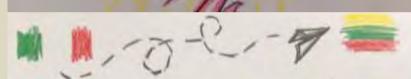


Conteleal Randondonin Momen lote un notel gotic e emparte la parce lesprimsà din 2ai undi te someti plin de curerge postitivation vesclie

L'an la plin au flori si aranjaccionti pline de viata de foorte relaxant se star que bance si se privert tet ce ai in jurie tou

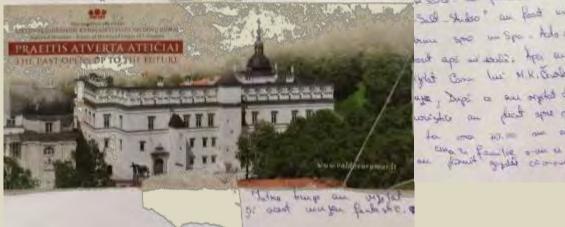






1045 are gowit as da aproximates one graped sprea check- in to one 1130 asional a feed spee This debance of am adorgat la ona 18:15. Para in data de names in them he in hat horized to war sold our in did do so mai noon intalent an proches Italian a transfe, do aremeno re ou gardela mantro.

#### Muzeul National Vilneus





· Acarea in muslimiter

Le one of to use internal le statement ou total . Apa la one 02:00 person indepted spee best muker. Dupi an driver as aproniumber and am again in while "Soll dulle" Ido re-ou menuguet facult address on ough which se toward dat at despeten poor pergu عبرد مدد به المد المد troopie toldow us lang forms durk-us durat spears format am Perso, april si sons la décision des Sold Shako " are find in beau spec in Spec. Ado an ent apt or soult. Apr our What Come him M.K. Couldens. age, Dupo as our exploi doubail within our part agent coal

to me we are out

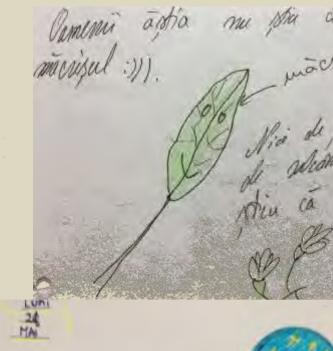
graphic comments





La one 09:10 au aout plante de la proposition de la company de la compan





da 010 8100 HE - OLL

into but to exaction than jourper of an other and state of the above and state dans, concerns, and the state of the state

Marilampole

#### EXQUISITE CORPSES JOURNEY TO THE FUTURE MATBUC'S TRAVEL

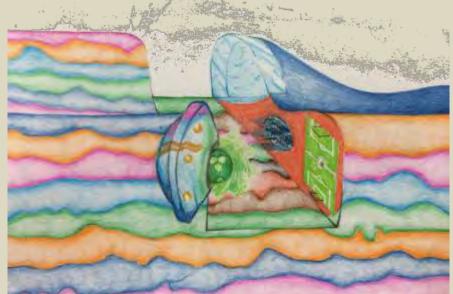
No one knows what will happen in the future. May be we will be able to fly, listen to live music anywhere also. I think in the future we will be able to swallow a pill and leaven with the help of our bloodstream, like now we can get information through our eyes, but in the future, it will change to the pills. There are a lot more our rethat will happen in the future.

May be in the future we will be able to do teleportation, to we will go wherever we want just by thinking about it. We il be able to live under the sea or another planet in the universe. Probably se il meet strange creatures who live in another world and we il jet in touch with them.

Aliens will come to our planet and thanks to them, we'll be able to live in a virtual paradise just putting the glasses on That will help us to fall asleep and then we will be able to fulfill our dreams.

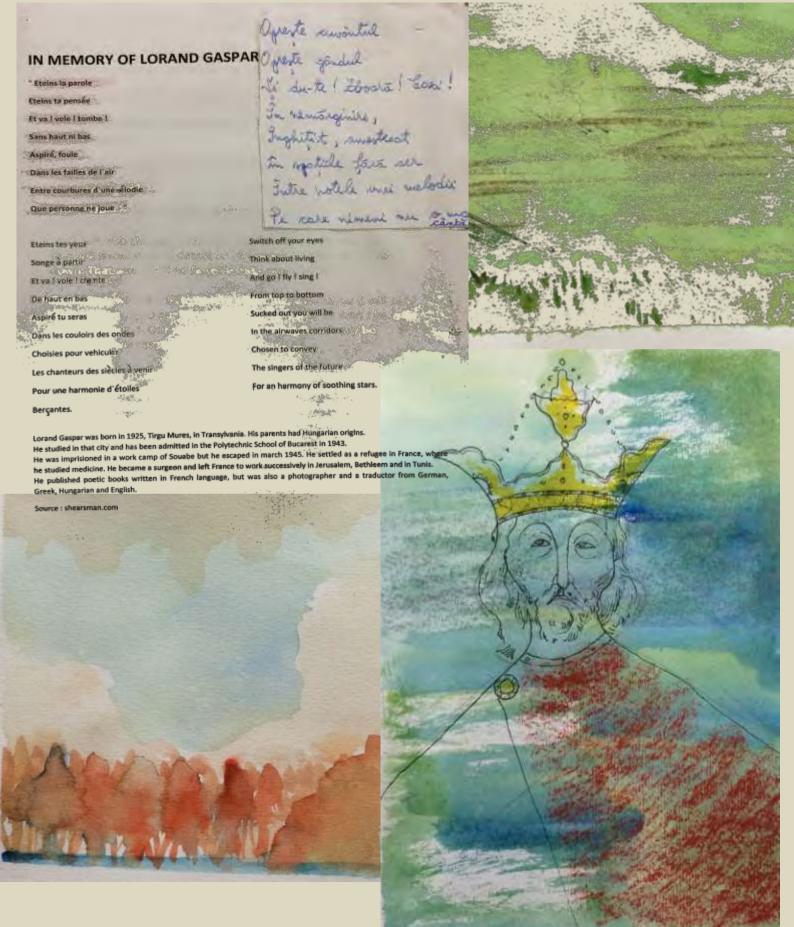
Robots will replace us in doing everything we want. They will go to school or work when we don't want to and they'll do the housework.

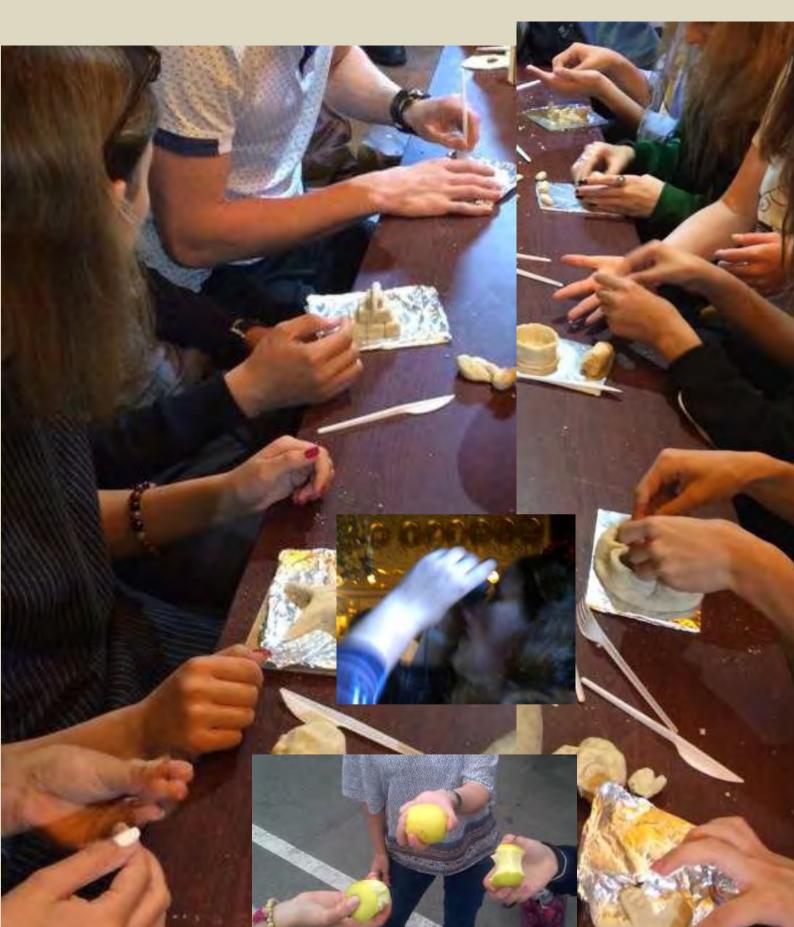
Art helps us to express ourselves, right? It helps us to be different than others. In the future art will help us to communicate with people. Like now, we communicate by words, but in the future we will communicate through art and we won't need words anymore.











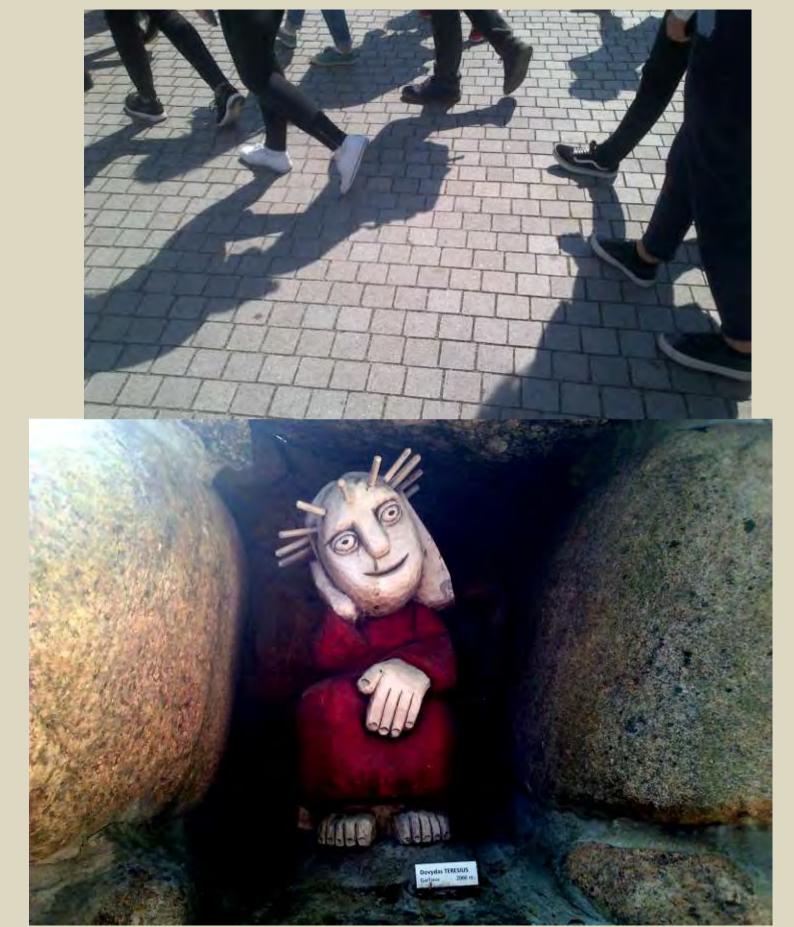


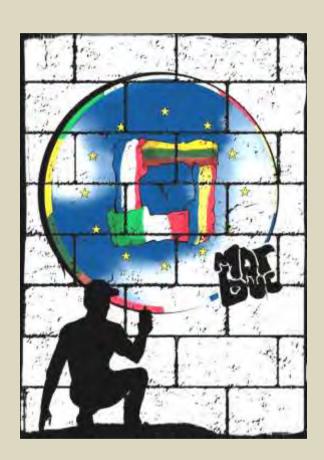
MIDUC



ARTINKS BORDERS

Románia Fronta Halia Lituania





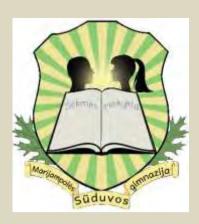
# **THANKS**

Who Matbuc was.. who knows?

But for us it was sure a great experience made only possible with the energy and the enthusiasm of many people, young people, some older.

For what they achieved towards an re-enchanted European citizenship, let's thank them, warmly.





Roberta Pacucci Fabio Lovascio Gaetano Enrico Mondelli

Paola Ancona Paola Robles Piero Napoli Nietta Albudanzi Francesco Squeo Martina Taccogna Adriana Bonasia



#### Is grateful to :

Beppe Ungaro
Peppino Fiorello
Claudia Rusu
Vitz Tünde
Henri Dor
Enza Barbone
Catherine Kmieckowiak
Astrid Barczuk
Marius Erasmus
Lea Monteil
Giuseppe Mattia





Anna Sara Napoli

Leana Vercoutter
Charlotte Boulanger
Charlotte Vidal
Adrien Ikrelef
Cecile Levi-Valensi
Zackari Giudici
Dana Butuşină
Raul Vădan
Maria Buf
Anda Cârlig
Ada Hurani
Irina Tiba
Andrei Puiac

Andrea Verani Emiliano Zaza Laura Pappapicco

Tommaso Saponieri Gigi Malgieri Paola di Gravina Rosanna Patierno Maria Sicolo Giandomenico Giordano Enzo Dolciamore



Radu Rotaru
Daiana Dumitru
Bianca Peter
Ștefania lakab
Karina Nichifor
Stefania Bota
Alexandra Cimoca
Andrei Bodârnea
Alexandru Ardoș
Camelia Moroșan
Moiș Vlad
Pierre Mora
Annna Ozinuls



Didier Michelon Sabău Carla Rugilė Ražukaitė Erika Jablonskaitė Mantas Kresninkevičius Rita Pacevičiūtė Saulė Bielevičiūtė Julius Girtas Milda Zacharašaitė

Arnoldas Ambrasas Erika Spūdytė Miglė Rimašiūtė Airinga Naujokaitė Adriana Giliūtė Danielė Vaškelytė Kornelija Skarolskytė Paulina Jazinevičiūtė Aistė Akelaitytė Danutė Klevienė Loreta Žaliauskienė Ilona Plikynienė Ričardas Rutkauskas Alma Čeplinskienė Lina Juknelienė Jūratė Rudminienė

### AN

## **ERASMUS+**

## **PROJECT**

## **FUNDED BY**







## "Making Art Together Brings Us Closer"

**KA219 Strategic Partnership Project for Schools only 2016-2018** 



Funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union

